LOUISVILLE, KY., MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 16, 1865.

who left Heaven to visit earth to teach all

LAGRANGE, Oct. 12th, 1865.

INK.

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Dr. Eells' Writing Fluid.

The ink manufactured by Dr. S. W. Eells

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equal to Arnold's celebrated inks. Read the following certificate from the Fourth

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original certificate, and we can vouch for

its genuineness.-Mansfield (O.) Herald.

FOURTH AUDITOR'S OFFICE, July 14, 1865.

I hereby certify that I have been using, for some time past, in my office, Dr. S. W. Eel s' Ins. both his writing and copying fluids, manufactured at Mansfeld, Ohio; and that I am highly pieased with it, and consider it equal in every respect, if not superior, to Arnold's imported ink, and I think less liable to mould.

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No notice will be taken of Anony mous com Whatev er is intended for insertion must be authenti-cated by the name and address of the writer—not necesor publication, but as a guaranty of his good faith.

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"For Sale," "For Rent," "Boarding," "Lost," "Found," &c., 25 cents each insertion.

#### THE REBELLION.

Causes and Results of Secession --- An Apology for Southern Union Men--- Letter from Hon, Kenneth Rayner.

Hop, Kenneth Rayner of North Carolina, has written a long letter to Dr. William El-der, of the Treasury Department at Wash-ington, in which he explains how he, who had long been a strenuous opponent of se-cession, was induced to yield to the move-ment and cast in his lot with the rebels. Mr. Rayner also makes many interesting comments on the questions at issue between the North and South. We present a synopsis of the letter, which is far too lengthy to be inserted entire. Mr. Rayner says that on first taking a

seat in the National House of Representa-tives, in 1839, he foresaw and predicted that slavery agitation, if not arrested, would end in the destruction of the Union. In his speeches in Congress in 1841 and 1845, he used the strongest arguments he could the opposing elements, and in his address to the graduating class at West Point in 1853 implored the cadets, next to liberty, to love and reverence the Union. In 1854 he was a prominent member of the National Canad Canad of the Knew New York and reverence the Union. was a prominent member of the National Grand Council of the Know Nothing Order, and was the sole originator of the third or Union degree, the members of which took a most stringent oath to employ their greatest energies in support of the Union and in opposition to secession. In the session of the North Carolina Legislature of 1852-53, he made what he considered his ablest speech against a series of resolutions affirming the doctrine of secession. In 1856-57 he opposed the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, and the Dred Scott decision, which he regarded as a monstrous perversion of the laws of the land, and as draggling the judicial ermine in the dirty puddle of party politics. The very day the news of the repeal of the compromise reached Raleigh, he declared publicly in the streets that it had given the death-blow to slavery, and, he feared, to the Union also. After the election of Mr. Lincoln, in 1860, he still maintained of Mr. Lincoln, in 1860, he still maintained the cause of the Union. The failure of the Peace Congress in March, 1861, made him sick at heart, and the fall of Fort Sumter made him feel that darkness had enveloped the land, but on the 20th of May, 1891, in common with every other member of the North Carolina Convention, he voted for secession. He says he cannot defend his consistency in so doing, and that it would have been for his peace of mind had he voted no, although standing alone in doing so. He, however, thinks there were palliating circumstances in the course which he and other Union men then pursued. He

North Carolina was the most thorough sponsible for the disasters and horrors of sponsible for the disasters and horrors of the last four years than any man in the na-tion. The people of the South had very kindly feelings for him. In fact, he was more popular with the ultra men of the South, on account of his connivance at the Kansas outrage, his dogma about having no power to coerce a State, &c., than he was with the Union men. A remonstrance from him, a warning, a declaration from him that he must maintain the au hority of the Government and see that the laws were executed—this coming from a friend, would have induced the secessionists to would have induced the secessionists to pause and consider at least; it would have aroused and given confidence to the Union element of the South. It would, in my opinion, have averted the conflict. But he stood still and did nothing. State after to relieve Fort Sumter were fired into and driven off. A Government, hostile to the Union, was perfecting its organization at the Government and the Northern people war were in favor of taking the best terms the Government and the Northern people war were in favor of taking the best terms the Government and the Northern people war were in favor of taking the best terms the Government and the Northern people war were in favor of taking the best terms the Government and the Northern people war were in favor of taking the best terms the Government and the Northern people war were in favor of taking the best terms the Government and the Northern people war were in favor of taking the best terms the Government and the Northern people war were in favor of taking the best terms the Government us.—"reconstructionists," as they have been termed—have always relied on the magnanimity of the North in the day of victory. They never would be the Northern people war were in favor of taking the Northern people war were in favor of taking the Northern people war were in favor of taking the Northern people war were in favor of taking the Northern people war were in favor of taking the Northern people war were in favor of taking the Northern people war were in favor of taking the Northern people war were in favor of taking the Northern people war were in favor of taking the Northern people war were in favor of taking the Northern people war were in favor of taking the Northern people war were in favor of taking the Northern people war were in favor of taking the Northern people war were in favor of taking the Northern people war were in favor of taking the Northern people war were in favor of taking the Northern people war war were in favor of taking the Northern people war were in favor Union, was perfecting its organization at Montgomery. Troops were volunteering. And yet the National Government stood And yet the National Government stood still, as if it were powerless. Congress was in session, yet Congress took no action looking to the vindication of the national authority. What was the effect upon the public mind? So far as regards the Union men in this State, they were paralyzed, panic stricken, without a rallying point. To sacrifice themselves for a Government that would not defend itself, nor try to preserve its own existence, seemed to them serve its own existence, seemed to them Quixotic and absurd. The public mind as-sociates the organs and agents of the Government with the Government itself. It looked as if the Government had abdicated its powers, that the right of a State to secede had thus been politically adjudicated and had come to be the settled policy of the country. In other words, it struck the public mind that the Union was dead and gone, and all its friends could do was to bury it.

Mr. Lincoln came into power in March, at that time. Unless he has been here and seen the influences at work, and the state of feeling superinduced thereby, he cannot appreciate the difficulties which beset the Union men. Is it to be wondered at, that men who had once become possessed of the idea that the Union was at an end, should not have been able to take a calm and considerate view of Mr. Lincoln's call for seventy-five thousand men? It struck them, not as the act of a government exerciting its rightful power and vindicating its violated authority, but 1861. His proclamation calling for troops was issued. A northern man cannot un-

as a vindictive attempt on the part of a foreign people to punish them, in order to gratify feelings of hatred. Mind you, I am not urging that this was the fact. I merely suggest whether such views, al-

fusion, almost despair, that the best and ablest men knew not which way to turn. In this state of public feeling the Convention met in this city. The Convention regarded the Union as at an end—that the Progridation products a product the state of the control of President's proclamation calling for troops " " 6 months, 5 00 was a virtual declaration of war against the South. They saw Virginia on the north, and South Carolina on the south, had passed ordinances of secssion. They yielded to the inevitable force of facts. They adapted the State, as best they could,

of the Union men of this state, and the in-fluences by which they were forced, I am not trying to prove that the Union men did right. My purpose has been to show that the difficulties of their situation were such as to entitle them to great sympathy and forbearance on the part of those disposed to consure them.

tions, it was not the foregone conclusion that disunion was to follow. It was because the times were perilous, and it was thought that disunion was to follow. It was because the times were perilous, and it was thought best to convene the sovereign power of the States, to consult on what was best for the common good. In not a State I think was the ordinance of secession ever submitted to the people for their ratification or rejection. This true, that in the spring of 1861, there was a storm of feeling that swept over the South—a sort of furor, growing out of the idea before suggested, that it was a war of vindictiveness on the part of a section, rather than the effort of a Government to enforce its lawful authority. But that tor-

force a settlement of the difficulty, but hav-ing placed the State in the position of an-tagonism to the Government they felt bound as a matter of personal honor, to sustain her in that position until a reconciliation should take place. In sustaining the Con-federate Government for the time being they made it so strong that all their influence had no weight against it. Thus it was, the Union men found themselves powerless. Having blundered into the difficulty, every effort to get out seemed to involve a series of additional blunders. Finally, conscription, habeas corpus repeal, repudiations, tithe, impressment, and heavy taxation consummated the reign of terror, which crushed and prostrated and sealed the mouths of the Union men throughout the South.

He then alludes to the continuance of the nals which culminated in the attack on

He ingeniously pleads: It may be said that the South should not have allowed itself to be thus seduced by selfish and designing Northern men; that our first parents did not the less forfeit Paradise because they were "beguiled" by the serpent; very true, but still every critical reader of the Bible must conclude that in the punishment in flicted the temptation of the serpent did plead in mitigation with Almighty mercy. The Divine wrath was poured out on the

erpent also, He expresses his conviction, that the South will recuperate, if treated generously, and will adapt itself to the new condition of affairs. Capital is now its greatest need. In

agricultural implements destroyed, &c., and closes by saying:

I know the fact that those who have been most anxious for peace—those who fave been most anxious for peace—those who for the last eighteen months or two years of the war were in favor of taking the best terms the Government and the Northern people would grant us—"reconstructionists," as cruelty over a bold and manly foe. They believed the North was sincere in their profession; that their purpose was to preserve the Union; and that when that great pur-pose was accomplished, they would relent and allow sympathy for suffering, and mag-nanimity in the hour of triumph to take the place of vengeance and of wrath.

JAMES WATT'S WORKSHOP .- An Edinburg gentleman attending the British association at Birmingham thus describes a visit to the house of the famous discoverer of the steam engine: "A friend of Mr.—lives in James Watt's house. We were admitted into his work-room—a garret at the top of the house. It appears he had a scolding wife who didn't like the messes and noises he made, so he was sent to the attie. The room is exactly as Watt left it. The very ashes are still in the grate. his The very ashes are still in the grate; his little lathe has a bit of unfurnished work in it; tools lie about; books and drawings are in old drawers, and strewed here and there. It is a miserable little place. Only four of us could get in at one time. In fact the daughter of the house, who went with us, had to tuck herself up in all manner of the story of the programment.

the Rev. Gabriel Moore Again—Letter from Mr. Howard. [Correspondence of the Union Press.] I informed the readers of your paper a I informed the readers of your paper a few days since, that I would prepare a review of the Rev. Gabriel B. Moore's letter of October 2d. I did so. I sent my letter to the Democrat, because I wanted the same persons to hear my version of this wants, you must inquire of that man who knows practically what they are. The negro, slave or free, is the best and truest servant in the world. If a man has never violated the chastity of his servants, always dealt justly by them, he creates a love and confidence on their part equal to any that earth knows. At least this is my expense. though erroneously entertained, are not entitled to great allowance, under the peculiar circumstances; for really at that time (I speak of North Carolina) the public mind was in such a state of doubt, difficulty, control of the con might determine who was right. As the Democrat had fully endorsed Mr. Moore's version of the matter, I requested him, in case he declined publishing my brief history of the affair, to send it to the Union Press. He did neither. He treated with silent contempt the whole thing. Near a week after he received my manuscript, he sent it back with a brief statement that he did not wish to encumber his paper with such controversies, and that I ought to have sent it back to where the controversy commenced—the Press. I should have passed by Mr. Harney & Co.'s low down meanness, and treated them in all time to come with that silent contempt which my own self-respect demanded, if it had not been for the unqualified indorsement they give Moore's letter. Harney & Co. say: "the Union Press came out the other day with a letter from Gen. Palmer to a Rev. Mr. Howard, and also with a spasmodic editorial quite characteristic. This was natural, as there was a pagre in the wood nile and that was sufa negro in the wood pile, and that was sufficient to warrant any amount of hard words. The story goes that Mrs. Moore drove her negro woman away because she had got free papers, she having, as alleged, a husband in the army. She carred to have the foregone condenses the state of the state conventions, it was not the foregone condenses. a husband in the army. She came to the Rev. Mr. Howard unshod and meanly clad. He hired her, and the grand jury indicted the South—a sort of furor, growing out of the idea before suggested, that it was a war of vindictiveness on the part of a section, rather than the effort of a Government to enforce its lawful authority. But that tornado soon subsided, as was evidenced by the necessity of a "conscription," in order to keep up the army.

Mr. Rayner then enlarges on the fact that the North Carolina Union men did not regard it as a foregone fact that disunion would follow their vote for secession. They hoped the imminence of the conflict would force a settlement of the difficulty, but hay-

whereupon the press gets into spasms and abuses Mr. Moore, whom the editors do not know, making asses of themselves generally." Mr. Harney says Moore paid him for publishing his letter. I wonder if he paid him to vouch for the bundle of falsehoods it contained? I infer he did, or Harney would have had the manliness to have given the truth after he learned it. Moore's letter, and Harney's endorsement, seems to be an emination from the same cranium. Perhaps Moore hired Harney to fix it all up, as it was intended to be a broadside at the Press, and an argument in favor of en-forcing the law in Kentucky. I take Moore to be a weak-minded educated simpleton that can be very easily brought un-der petito at government, or be influenced by a few fun-loving, mischievious rapscal-lions to pitch into some one that he guessed had laughed at him. Moore he guessed had laughed at him.

may have prepared his letter himself, but
I am inclined to think Harney was the
man. My long silence because I could not
my long silence because I could not
my long silence because I could not
my long silence b

turn in a few days. I expect he will take his wife and children with him. I have only hired her by the week, and have no

more regard for her than I would for any other strange servant that I found obedi

ent and pleasant in my family. Perhaps the only difference in her recollection of Mr. Moore—her former master—and me,

will consist in the treatment she has re-ceived from Mr. Moore, with whom she served the prime of her life—and me, hiring her for a few months at the expense of a law suit, and to endure the slang of Har-ney & Co. The Democrat has been for many years a prominent educator of the Kentucky mind. When the clouds of South will recuperate, if treated generously, and will adopt itself to the new condition of affairs. Capital is now its greatest need. In Kentucky. She was, I believe, the last State to secede, except Tennessee. She waited long and anxiously to see if some compromise could be made to preserve peace. Her people had voted down, by an overwhelming majority, a proposition for calling a Convention, in February, 1861, under the hope that an amicable adjustment would be arrived at. Our people were lookingto Washington, to the Buchanan administration, as representing the national power and authority, to see what they would do. They looked in vain. And here I must say that I regard James Buchanan ss more responsible for the disasters and horrors of they have been a burden and expense to him. Since the war began he has paid out \$75,000\$ in Confederate money for the supponsible for the disasters and horrors of they are now living a life of idleness and war commenced gathering dark and low-ering all over the American hori-zon, Kentuckians were taught their him. Since the war began he has paid out \$75,000 in Confederate money for the support of his blacks, and though he foresaw emancipation, would not sell them. He says they are now living a life of idleness and dissipation, and will not work. He then draws an elaborate picture of the poverty of the South, urging that the rebellious people have been punished enough. The emancipation of the slayes alone heing tantamount will have to back down from all the positions he has taken but the last one, and still he retains his popularity in Kentucky. By his teachings the people are brought luto unnecessary trouble and expense; strife and ill feelings are encouraged where the south of the says and a strife and ill feelings taken but the last one, and though the retains his popularity in Kentucky. By his teachings the people are brought luto unnecessary trouble and expense; the says and though the retains his popularity in Kentucky. By his teachings the people are brought luto unnecessary trouble and expense; the says and though the retains his popularity in Kentucky. By his teachings the people are brought luto unnecessary trouble and expense; the people are brought luto unnecessary trouble and expense; the people are brought luto unnecessary trouble and expense; the people are brought luto unnecessary trouble and expense; the people are brought luto unnecessary trouble and expense; the people are brought luto unnecessary trouble and expense; the people are brought luto unnecessary trouble and expense; the people are brought luto unnecessary trouble and expense; the people are brought luto unnecessary trouble and expense; the people are brought luto unnecessary trouble and expense; the people are brought luto unnecessary trouble and expense are lutous lut

pation of the slaves alone being tantamount to the imposition of a tax of \$4,000,000,000, lands and houses laid waste, live stock and agricultural implements destroyed, &c., and closes by saying: that are free by the acts of Congress, and then try and defame their characters—as Harney & Co. has done mine. Those gentlemen may try and persuade the public that I have no right to complain. I can bear anything better than I can the nips of a set of unprincipled rupsellious that want tors in the country are making as

a set of unprincipled rapscallions that want to skin me from head to foot. If any edithemselves at this time more than the editors of the Democrat, I should like to see their years. Starting at the Sand Creek sermon, the Abolitionists may still hope to recover Harney, although at the eleventh hour. Should he summon the free negro cholera that is ringing his bowels, shrinking up his mortal frame, and unless a speedy cure can be found, may bring his gray hairs to a premature grave. I am sure I could cure this terrible attack, but it is not worth while for me to volunteer my is not worth while for me to volunteer my prescription. He will wait to see which way the wind blows strongest, and then he will come out brave as usual. Harney has

Wired in and wired out, And left his readers all in doubt Whether the man that made the track, Was going forward, or going back. Gentlemen, I infer from Mr. Harney & Co., that they wish to pass me over into your fold. I don't know that you would accept of me, or that I should be willing, if you was—men change, principals never. I am for the States having all the rights they had before the war, save that which the war has destroyed—slavery—and for a faithful obedience to all the Federal laws, and for a perfect conformity of State to Federal laws. And for every thing being done for the peace we can be done consistent with the safety and happiness of the white race. If I were a politician, this would be the great harmonizing principles that I would labor for, and I am surprised to find a dissenting voice to this view. After the white race is fully secured in all that their demands may require, why not make the black race as comfortable as their condition will permit? Nothing short of this will meet the demands of that religion which reaches the basest and most abandoned of earth.

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Gentlemen, I will close this little notice of one that I think has dealt unfairly by me, assuring you I have no desire for notoriety of this kind. Nor do I seek popularity nor protection from men.

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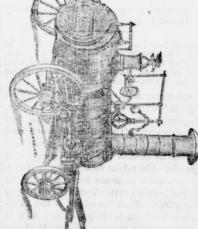
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6 Sad's Hammers,
1 Tack Hammers,
1 Tack Hammers,
1 Hand Hatchets,
3 Hoes,
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6 Pliers,
1 Glue Fot,
3 marking Pots & Brushes,
1 Printing Press,
2 Hay Presses,
2 Chain Pumps,
11 hollow punches,
18 spring Funches,
4 Kakes,
3 Rein Kounders,
1 Circular Saw,
12 cross-cut Saws,
1 Counter Scale,
2 Army Scales,
1 pair Scissors,
4 Coulter Scale,
2 Army Scales,
1 pair Scissors,
5 Claw Tools,
5 Edge Tools,
5 Grain Triers,
1 Trowel,
3 warehouse Trucks,
1 iron Wedre,
2 Traveling Wheels,
3 Paper's Needles,
406 pounds Cht Nails,
50 pounds Mhite Lead,
770 pounds Mope,
41 Saw buck and Frame,
45 Awis and Inadles.
42 eat 10 o'clock A. M., and to continue seld.
43 cat 64 or of sale,
44 converted on day of sale,
45 converted on day of sale,
46 pounds on the manading De-

A Rules

A R rost Augur, 6 Axes, 9 ax Handles, bax Handles, 7 Awis, 2 Saddier's Bags, 8 Crow Bars, 9 Wheelbarrows, 1 Felt Blanket, 2 Blocks, 4 Tap Borers, 1 "O" Brand, 1 "U S" Brand,

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M., and to continue nil the whole is sold.

Terms—tash in United States currency.

Property to be removed on day of sale.

By command of Maj Gen. Palmer, commanding Deartment of Kentucky.

A. M. THOKER.

LARGE SALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

r's Office, U. S. Military Railroads, Nashville master's Office, U. S. Military Kailroads, Nashvile, Tenn., Sept. 25, 1865. I will offer at public sale the following described proper-ty of the United States, viz: O. Tuesday, O-tober 10th, 1865, at Johnsonville, Tenn., EIGHT BUILDINGS, uch as storehouses, me s and dwelling houses, etc. On Thursday, Oct ber 12th, 1865, TWO SEUNDRED BUILDINGS,

of different sizes, such as storehouses, mess and dwelling ouses, stable s, etc., situated in the vicinity of the Chatanoo a Pepot, Nashville, Tenn.

On Friday, October 20th, 1865, near the Chattanooga lepot, Nashville, Tenn, sale continuing cally thereafter ntil completed. TWO THOUSAND TUNS OLD SCRAP IRON, nore or less,) consisting of car wheels and car axles, idge castings and rods, and a large assortment of cast d wrought scrap; to be sold in lots of 25 tuas or more to FIVE MILES OLD STRAP RAILROAD IRON, EIGHT THOUSAND POUNDA SCRAP BRASS

On Wednesday, October 25th, 1865, continuing thereaf-6 MILLION FEET OF ASSORTED LUMBER,

1,890,000 feet to ak Lumber—assorted,
1,000,000 feet Pne Lumber—assorted,
1,000,000 feet Peplar Lumber—assorted,
200,0 feet Beach, Walnut, Hickory, Ash, etc.,
To be so d in Dis of 50.0 feet or more to suit purchasers
400,000 shingles, (more or less.)
On Monday, October 30th, at Antioth, N. & C. R. R.,
ONE BUILDING. On Monday, October 30th, 1865, at Smyrna, N. & C. R. R., at 4 o'clock P. M.,

ONE BUILDING. On Tuesday, October 31st, 1865, at Tullahoma, N. & C. ONE BUILDING.

On Wednesday, November 1st, 1865, at Decherd, N. & C. TEN BUILDINGS, MESS HOUSE, ETC. On Thursday, November 2d, at Stevenson, M. & C.B.R. FOUR BUILDINGS. On Thursday, November 2d, 1865, at Bridgeport, N. & C. B. E., ONE BUILDING.

On Thursday, November 2d, 1865, at Shellmound, N. d. R. B., at 4 o'clock P. H.,

ONE BUILDING. On Friday, November 3d, 1865, at Chattanooga, Tenn. and continuing daily until completed,

125 BUILDINGS, r less,) such as stor-houses, mess and dwelling (more or less.) such as stor-houses, mess and dwelling houses, offices, stables, etc.

A large proportion of the above mentioned buildings are substantial and well adapted for either dwellings or stores; at the same time the are so constructed that they can be readily removed if necessary.

As the land on which these buildings now stand does not belong to the Government, the right to remove them will be guaranteed for ten days from date of sale.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock each day, unless otherwise specified.

Any information desired with reference to the above property may be had upon application to Capt, S. R. Hamilt, A. Q. M., and Assaville, Tenn., or Capt. W. R. Hopkins, A. Q. M., and that noogs, Tenn.

Terms—Cash in Government funds.

F. J. CRILLY,

Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. A. oc2 till oc25 ARGE SALE OF
GOVERNMENT HORSES AND MULES,
Upwards of 3600 animals to be sold in the State of Ken Upwards of 3ecc animals to be seen in the State of Ren-tucky.
Headquarters Department of Kentucky, Office of Chief Quarterma-ter, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 13, 1865.
Will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder at the time and place named below, the following described animals:

AT BOWLING GREEN, KY., COMMENCING WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 20, 1865,

550 Horses, more or less, 150 Mules, more or less. AT PADUCAH, KY., COMMENCING ON FRIDAY SEPT. 29, 1865,

130 Horses, more or less, 70 Muies, more or less. AT LEBANON, KY., COMMENCING ON WEDNES DAY, OCT. 4, 1865, 75 Herses, more or less. AT LEXINGTON, KY., COMMENCING ON FRI DAY, OCT, 6, 1865,

1250 Horses, nore or less, 200 Mules, more or less. AT COVINGTON, KY., COMMENCING ON MON-DAY, OCT. 23, 1865, 275 Horses, more or less, 60 Mules, more or less.

AT CAMP NELSON, KY., COMMENCING ON THURSDAY, OCT. 26, 1865, 500 Horses, more or less, 375 Mules, more or less.

As these animals are nearly all perfectly sound and serviceable, and are only sold because the arm- no longer requi-es their use, a rare opportunity is offsted to farmers and stock dealers to purchase a superior class of animals at much less than their real value. Animals will be sold singly. The sale commence at each place at 9 o'clock Au, and continue from day to day until a lar disposed of Terms—Cash in United States currency, and the animals to be reword immwedialy by the purchaser. By order of the Quartermaster General.

HENRY HOWLAND, self-tocky Col. and Chief Q. M. Dept. of Ky.

CALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

Office Assistant Quartermaster, Nashville, Tenn.,
October 5, 1855.

I will offer for role at public auction at the United
teas Repair Shops on Franklin pike, at Nashville,
Tenn., on the 17rm DAY OF OCTOBES, 1865, the follow-, on the 17th DAY OF OC vernment property, viz: 4 Ambulances, 142 Army Wagons, 3 Transfer Wagons, 263 Wagon Gearing, 204 Carto, 7 Prays, 1 Steam Engine and Mi

7 Drays,
7 Drays,
1 Steam Engine and Mill,
1 Portable Engine,
1 circular Saw and Wood Frame,
22,213 pounds Wrought Scrap Iron,
51,623 pounds Cast Scrap Iron,
3,630 pounds old Strel,
Tools, Shovels Rope, Rags, etc.
Sale to commence at 9 o'clock A. M. on Tuesday, 17th o'October, 1865, and continue from day to day until the
property is all said.
Terms—Cash in Government funds,
By order of A. J. Mackay, Colonel and chief Quartermaster Department of Tennessee.
E. B. KIRE oc7-9t

COV'NT AUGTION SALES.

NO. 154

GOVERNMENT SALE

BLANKETS, BEDSTEADS QUEENSWARE, &C.,

EXTENSIVE SALE OF

WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION AT THE

Med. Purveyor's Warehouse. No. 18 MARKET STREET,

NASHVILLE. On Tuesday, Oct. 17, 1865, at 9 o'clock A. M., 000 Blackets, 1400 small Tables, 1000 Iren Bedsteads, 15 Cooking Stoves, 37 canvas Cots, 200 Buckets, 30 Caldrons, 200 Sadirons, 200 Spoons, 200 Sadirons, 200 Cooking Classes, da variety of other Furnishing Goods; also 3 337 canvas Cots, 1,200 Buckets, 3,000 Knives and Forks,

QUEENSWARE AND GLASSWARE,

PLATES, DISHES, PITCHERS, TEA-POTS, MUGS, BOWLS, etc.,

#### AND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF TINWARE:

A large part of these articles are entirely new. Cata-Surg. and Brev. Col. U. S. V. Med. Pur. U. S. A. C. B. NICHOLS & CO., Auctionee s. SALE OF GOVEVENMENT MULES.

Office Assistant Quartermaster, Nashville, Tenn., October 5th. 1865.

I will offer f r sale at public auction at the Government Corrals in Nashville, Tennesce, on MONDAX, OUTOBER 23, 1865.

Seven Hundred Government Mules. These nules are all larse sized, in good or n'ition, and free from disease, most of them having tecursed in the transportation of the side of.
Sale to commence at 9 o'clock A. M., October 33, 1825, and continue daily until the stock is all solid.

Terms -Cas' in Government funds.

By order of Col A. J. Mackay, Chief Q. M. Departsment of Tennes.ee.

E. B. Kirk.

#### PROFESSIONAL. E. RUMSEY WING,

Attorney at Law, TATILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE CITY AND STATE VY Courts. Collections will receive prompt attention. Business fram the city and throughout the State is respectfully solicited. Office on Center St., opposite Court-house.

REFERENCES: Judge George Bobertson, Lexington, Ky. Gen. John B. Huston. Hon. Archie Dixon, Henderson, Ky. Hon. Geo. H. Yeawan, Owensbero, Ky. Hon. Joshua F. Bell, Banville, Ky.

## DR. F. H. GIBSON

CIVES SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THE TREAT-ing ment and cure of Syphilitic and Skin Diseases, Can-cer, Scrofula, Ulcers, Ague and Fevers and Neuralgis, etc. Best refero ces given. If you are suff ring with any of the above Diseases. Apply or address him at his office, Jefferson street, between Second and Thire, Louis-ville, Ky.

A. M. SAOUT. (Late Col. 17th Regt. Ky. Vol. Inf.) Attorney at Law, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

TY AS RETURNED TO THE PRACTICE OF HIS PRO-It fession, and will practice in all the Federal, Military and State Courts held in the city, and prosecute claims against the Unived States. Office in the Law School Building in Court Place near the Court House, juli-tf

FLOUR. John A. Meyer,

(SUCCESSOR TO H. FERGUSON & SON.)

FLOUR DEALER, No. 88

FIFTH ST., BET. MAIN AND MARKET. HOPES BY CLOSE ATTENTION TO BUSINESS TO merit the patronage of the public. se25-tf

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

H. BURKHARDT, Wholesale Grocer

COMMISSION MERCHANT. 180 Main St., bet. Fifth and Sixth,

se23-tf CONSINGMENTS SOLICITED.

ABNER COOPER, COMMISSION MERCHANT Butter, Cheese and Western Produce. No. 314, Maia, between Third and Fourthets. CASH paid for Feathers, Lard, White Beans, Dried Fruits, Ginseng and Bosswar.

J. M. DAVIS. J. M. DAVIS & CO., Commission Merchants

And Wholesale Dealers in G OCERIES, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, 627 Main St., between Sixth and Seventh, LOUISVILLE, KY.

DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO. GENERAL Commission and Forwarding Mer-

chants, No. 438 Main Street, LOUISVILLE, KY., A Gunts for different brands of Flug Tobscoo, Flugr.

A law and Bourbor Whisky; also for Champagns and
Spackling Catawba Wines.

J. C. RODGERS & CO., GENEBAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

RODUCE, PROVISIONS, BUTTER, CHEESE, EGG, S BEANS, DRIED FRUITS. Salt and Coal. o. 220 Main Street, bet. Second and Third LOUISVILLE, KY.

Refer by Permission to B. M. CUNNINGHAM, Cashier First National Bank. J. B. Smith, Vice President Found of Trade. Dr. D. J. Gatffiths, Examining Surgeon U. S. Army.

GEO. W. WICKS, (Successor to Nock, Wicks & Co.)

TOBACCO AGENT Ceneral Commission Merchant, No. 315 Main st., bot. Third and Fourth, LOUISVILLE, KY. Agent for the sale of Maysville, Ky., COTTON

D. S. BENEDIOT & SONS,

LOUISVILLE: MONDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1865

### News of the Day.

An interesting case has just been decided An interesting case has just been decided in a New York city court. A shoe dealer instituted suit against the city for \$1485 damages sustained by him during the prevalence of the Copperhead mob in that city, and the jury awarded him \$800 damages, If all who sustained losses by that mob in-stitute suits, with similar results, it will cost the city something.

thizing little public around him, and dili-

gently exercised the same in substantial

an encounter. Meanwhile, the continuance

of martial law would render it both compe-

thorities to have this malignant arrested

and tried for overt acts of treason, and es-

pecially of that most vicious form of trea-

las. Such arrest was in fact made, some

by persons living in Whaley's neighbor-

have seen Whaley conveying supplies to

guerrillas, have seen members of his house-

nold preparing clothing for them, have

known repeated instances of guerrillas be-

ing lodged in concealment at his house.

They also affirm that the said Whaley

penly rejoiced at the assassination of Abra-

nam Lincoln, and declared that he ought

to have been killed thirty years ago. Nu-

merous other kindred items are contained

in these preliminary charges against him.

The prosecution instituted against the elec-

tion judges has of course provoked the

On last Friday, when the culprit was at

the Cynthiana railway station, in the hands

of a small military guard, an infuriated

mob, headed by the Sheriff of the county, re-

leased him from their hands, breathing out

the while the most intensified and seditious

language of hostility to the representatives

of the National authority. The Sheriff an-

nounced to the crowd and the bafiled mili-

tary guard, that any further attempt on the

part of the latter to arrest Whaley "or any

other man" in that vicinity, would be met

by him with violent resistance; that he

would suramon the whole county to his aid

if need be. Thus stands the matter to-lay.

As martial law has been repealed, and as it

is obvious that bloodshed must result from

an attempted repetition of the arrest, we

presume Gen. Palmer will await orders

from higher authority before proceeding

further in the case. If such miscreants as

Whaley are to be allowed to persecute Union

men with impunity, and to the full limits

of their gloating malice, as a consequence

of the revocation of martial law, the sooner

Union people become acquainted with that

fact the better. The authorities at Wash-

ington are by this time notified of the Cyn-

thian performance, and we trust that they

will issue such orders as will tend to restore

the sense of public security which already

wavers. We suppose inasmuch as troops

are retained, and Gen. Palmer retained.

and the writ of habeas corpus is not re-

stored, that the design is to preserve public

peace in the State by the help of just so

much military force as may in any given

case be needed. With this view we were

disposed to regard the repeal of martial law,

whilst an uncalled-for and unfortunate

oncession to the rebel element, to be, nev

ertheless, practically void for the most part

of evil consequences. Our doubts on this

THE SMITH-PALMER CONTRO-

VERSY.

lishes the official correspondence of Green

Clay Smith and General Palmer with the

War Department, respecting the military

General Smith's first letter, containing

the charges against General Palmer, to-

gether with the latter's response, we have

already given the substance of in our edi-

torial columns. A rejoinder by the Con-

gressman appears with the rest of the cor-

respondence, in the Cincinnati Gazette. It

is even more specious, sophistical, disinge-

nuous and desperate an attempt to make

out a case, than his first communication.

The line of argument is about the same

The effort to conceal the real animus of the

writer's hostility to General Palmer, is not

vain for this maneuvering politician to de-

ny that he is pandering to the belated and

inveterate pro-slavery prejudices of the

State, for purely selfish and ambitious ends.

Those prejudices, finding the prospects for

their gratification fading steadily away, are

texts that shall justify them. The much

abused "pass system" was therefore seized

man nature.

upon with avidity. This is the way of hu-

The fact furnishes no valid objection to

that system. For these prejudices are of

that thoroughly implacable character which

renders them unappeasable, and altogether

unentitled to any concessions. Had the

pass system never been adopted the hatred

of the pro-slavery element toward General

freedom and the protector of emancipated

whit less than it now is. Green Clay Smith

might have lacked the opportunity to court

this malignant element with the same show

of devotion to State interests which he now

exhibits: though even that is not certain .

And certain or otherwise, it is a matter of

more consequence to the said Smith than to

the welfare of Kentucky or the interests of

humanity. That Gen. Palmer has post-

poned the day of freedom in Kentucky, or

turned back the approaching acquiesence of

our people in the emancipation amendment

The pro-slavery party in Kentucky is

version, that party would not be converted

in sentiment. It will never yield up slavery

on principle, or in response to the most pro-

longed, multitudinous and eloquent ap-

peals. It will yield only to the behests of

inexorable necessity. When the very ghost

is a ridiculous absurdity.

The Cincinnati Gazette, of Saturday, pub-

point are growing slightly. We shall see,

what we shall see.

status in Kentucky.

facts in the plaintiff's antecedents

The trial of Emerson Etheridge is progressing at Columbus. He was allowed to conduct his own case, and denied the jurisdiction of the court to try him. On Satur day he made a statement to the court in which he admitted the principal charge against him, having counseled resistant military authority in West Tennessee. ed resistance to

We have a highly sensational rumor from New York of the escape of Jeff. Davis. The story is that he escaped from his new quarters in Carroll Hall by disguising himself as a colored stevedore, and is now on his way to Nassau in a British vessel. General M'Clellan is expected to arrive

hood who have been familar with his conin New York in about three weeks. duct since the outbreak of the rebellion. The North Carolina Convention passed: These affidavits affirm that the witnesses resolution on Saturday asking the President to withdraw the colored troops from that

Montgomery Blair is billeted for a speech in New York city in aid of the Slocum ticket. The Albany Journal wishes them

Clement C. Clay and John Mitchell are to be transferred to Carroll Hall, at Fortress Monroe, where Jeff. Davis is now confined. Persons who have served in the rebel army are received into the regular army of United States, at the recruiting station

at the South. The case of Samuel T. Glover, for praitcing law without taking the oath pre-scribed by the new constitution of Missouri, came up before the Criminal Court at St. Louis on Friday. If this court decides against Mr. Glover, it is his intention to carry the case to the State Supreme Court,

and thence, if necessary, to the Supreme Court of the United States. An unknown young man, supposed from his incoherent utterance to be on his way South to get married, was accidentally shot by a hunter, while standing on the platthe cars as they passed through stol. Tennessee. He died in the house of Miss Mary Gous, at that place, leaving valuable baggage and jewelry, and \$4,500 in money, which the friends are desired to identify and reclaim.

Presbyterian Synod of Kentucky. Synod met at 10 o'clock. The Judicia Committee presented their report, in part, on the complaint of J. P. McMillen against

the Louisville Presbytery, No. 1, and the appeal and complaint of J. C. Young and others against the same Presbytery, No. 2. Wilson desired to have some papers read. He wished to say that he hoped the Synod would bear in mind that the Pres bytery of Louisville was not on trial in such sense before this court as that we are called upon to be confined simply to what is strictly entitled evidence in a court of law. The only reason why he desired the papers read at his time instead of reading

them in the course of argument was that it was the more convenient way. The first paper he should ask the clerk to read would be the protest of Dr. Hodge against the Spring resolution as it is called, in the minutes of 1861.

It was read as requested, as also the fol-lowing: The protest against the action of the Assembly in adopting the minority re-port of the Committee on the state of the country, denying the right of the Presbytey deciding the qualifications for a mem-ership in the church with reference to

Also the action of the Synod of Kentucky on the same resolution; their action in 1861, to the same effect. Also protest against the action of the Assembly in 1862, Dr. Breckinridge asked if there was any

wer to Dr. Hodge's protest. affirmative answer being given, he mo-tioned that it be read, and followed up his motion by a few remarks.

Dr. Wilson had no objection to the answer being read, but he did not wish the time of the court to be taken up uselessly. The other side had their opening, and ample time to put in authorities. He asked that he might be allowed to proceed without in

The Moderator pro tem, did not feel it incumbent upon one in his position to decide question, thinking it belonged rather to the Synod in body.

Dr. Breckinridge did not insist upon his motion, and the dissent was read.

The action of the Synod of Kentucky in 863, and the names of the committee who brought in the paper were next read, and the concluding part of the action of the mbly in 1864 on the subject of slavery, with the final action of the Synod of Kentucky in 1864.

Next the so-called "Rosecrans' Oath" and then the protest against the action of the Board of Missions; the Missouri oath incor-porated into the Constitution of the State of dissouri: the action of the Assembly in 1845 on the subject of slavery; and the mepresented to the General Assembly "The Stanton Memorial," with the names of the signers, received the attention of the Clerk. Also the action of the Assemoly on the minutes of the Synod of Ken tucky, with an extract from the record of

the Synod of Cincinnau, tion on the state of the country. The reading of the acts of several of the Presbyteries in this Synod in reference to the doings of the Assembly of West Lexington (of which a printed copy was read their gratification fading steadily away, are and accepted), Transylvania, and Ebenezer more than ever alert in the search for preconsumed the remainder of the time alotted for the morning session of the Synod, and a recess was taken until 31 o'clock this af-

afternoon session was taken up wholly by Dr. Wilson's argument in reply to Dr. Breckinridge, and in defense of the Louisville Presbytery. He caused to be read from the Bible a number of passages, to show that slavery was sanctioned by The whole question between the two parties in the Synod may be sum-med up in a very few words. The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, at its meeting at Pittsburg, adopted resolutions in effect declaring against the rebellion and against slavery. A majority of the Louisville Presbytery afterward adopted and published their "declaration and testimony," protesting against the action of the General Assembly, on the subject of rebellion and slavery. Dr. Wilson cited, in deense of the action of the majority of the Louisville Presbytery a document entitled acts and testimony, of which Dr. Breckinridge is the putative author, adopted in Philadelphia in 1885, by a body of Presby Philadelphia in 1835, by a body of Presby-terians, exposing and protesting against certain heresies in the Church. Dr. Wilson said if the proceedings of the Louisville Presbytery was schis-matic, then the proceedings of Dr. Breckinridge and others, in 1835, was equally so. He claims that this was the proper mode of correcting errors in the proper mode of correcting errors in the church. The question of loyalty, however, was not involved in the church difficulty in 1835; but it is the question in this case, and the question row before the Synod. The analogy goes no further than the mere form; the two papers are widely different in

Dr. Wilson said if, as charged, the "Declaration and Testimony" was in the interest of secession and rebellion, which it is said were dead, then the men who published it were a set of madmen. The difference of slavery fades fairly out of sight in the here is doabtless only in the beliefs of the full splendors of freedom's day, our contutwo parties as to whether secession is dead or not; the secession snake may only be scotched in the opinion of some. Dr. Wilson did not finish his argument before the hour of adjournment arrived, and will resume it this morning. The debate is likely to be continued for several days yet. Dr. to be continued for several days yet. Dr. Breckinridge is expected to reply to Dr. tenure of its existence, is the most effective

A SPECIMEN OF COMING TIMES. | can be wielded in Kentucky. Does any CITY AND GENERAL NEWS. The absence of martial law in Kentucky man suppose that forty-two thousand votes may soon bear fruit in abundance of a would have been polled in the State in favor character like this. In Harrison county, of the Constitutional Amendment this sumwhereof Cynthiana is the chief town, and mer, had Congress paid scrupulous heed to cantankerous treason the chief sentiment the sanctity of the Kentucky slave code? and spiritual life of the people, lives one and voted no recruiting of negro soldiers, Mr. Whaley, a noisy and notorious rebel. and no liberation of them and their fami-The judges of election, last August, know- lies? Did not the advocacy of the amending well this man's antecedents, refused to ment by supple and unscrupulous politireceive his vote at the polls. He has prosecians turn wholly on the "demoralization" cuted them for the "offense," and claims of slavery through the action of the General damages to the tune of ten thousand dol- Government? Would a word against the lars. The impunity with which the man has institution have ever appeared in the Loufor years flaunted his treason to the sympaisville Journal but for such a reaso ?

That paper openly and constantly avows the most unbounded and implacable averservices to rebel soldiers and the cut-throat sion towards anti-slavery men who are gangs of guerrilla robbers, sufficiently such on principle. No doubt its patrons foreshadows what will be the result of the and admirers share the feeling. Such proprosecution. No public sentiment exists in ple will vote down slavery when they have the county of a character and strength to to. And if Gen. Palmer is sustained in his furnish any protection to loyalty in such wise, and just, and humane policy of ignoring slavery in the State, and treating its black inhabitants as a part of the loyal tent and obligatory upon the military au- population whom he is here to protect, the has wrought thus far towards emancipason, harboring and conniving with guerril- Smith says the people of Kentucky are days since on the strength of affidavits filed one hundred and sixty-five thousand negroes in the State and brought us well on towards the final consummation of freedom. They have at all events been effective and beneficent and they are of precisely the same nature with the persuasive methods of Gen. Palmer to which he so strenuously objects. And they are "persuasions" which the pro-slavery men resisted to the imit of their ability, and with quite the same feeling of resentment they now exhibit towards Gen. Palmer. His acts are not regarded by them as any less constitutional or justifiable than were the acts of Government to which we refer. And Gen. Smith knows but too well that neither the movement which brings out these ugly, 28,000 slaves would have been enlisted, nor the 72,000 wcmen and children been liberated in Kentucky through the influence of

any other persuosions. The Government of the United States decided that slavery was its mortal enemy and decreed the death of the institution. Kentucky as a loyal State was appealed to to endorse this decree. She was offered compensation for all the loss such endorsement might bring upon her. She denounced the decree, denied its necessity, declined the proffered reward for acquiescence, with haughty scorn. But the Government was fixed in its determination to destroy the institution, and proceeded by methods which it decided to be legitimate, to render it in Kentucky both powerless and valueless. The result is that slavery lis proctically dead here. Whether it has been 'driven" or "persuaded" into its present fix, we leave those to judge who are fond of studying subtle distinctions. For ourselves we feel very secure in the conviction that the scrupulous regard for the slave code of Kentucky and for persuasive methods, so suddenly and sharply awakened in the breast of this anti-slavery, Union Congressman, would have deprived the country of the vastly important advantage which now accrues from the certainty of the early extinction of slavery in this State, both in fact and in name. And we are equally certain that Gen. Palmer's policy has been in pecfect keeping with, and has immensely promoted the policy of freedom into which Kentucky has been "persuaded" by the Government.

We heartily congratulate the people of the State that they are no longer to be annoyed by a negro soldiery. The annoyance has been bitterly felt by thousands, for very many of the black soldiers have been lawolent, and outrageous, straying off' wherever they pleased, and stealing, robbing, destroying, and murdering at will. They probably would not be guilty of such atrocities under better officers, but the right kind of men are but seldom willing to act as officers of negro troops.—Journal.

It would be difficult to crowd into the same space more unfairness and insult to brave, patriotic and excellent men, who are among the best officers in the United States service, than is packed into the above slanderous paragraph.

It is certainly true that the conduct of the negro troops in Kentucky will compare favorably with that of any troops that have ever been stationed here. And this good behavior has been manifested in the face of continued provocation to behave in a manner exactly the reverse. The negro soldiers have been subjected to constant sneers and insults from a certain class of white people, and at times they have resented it. But in the main, so thorough has been the discipline, and so resolute the ambition of the men themselves to attain some measure of dignified manhood, that all this provocamore successful than at first. It is quite in tion has passed unneeded. And as for the officers of these troops their average of excellence is fully up to that of any officers in the army, and there are men among them not surpassed by any, in every soldier-like, manly, high-toned, and accomplished trait of the model officer. The Journal's sneer and insinuation against them are grossly insulting and slanderous.

Martial law has never done any good in Kentucky. Its operations has been all evil, and every enlightened patriot rejoices that vanished like an ill-looking ghost

from among us .- Journal. That is to say martial law "has never done any good" to the rebel cause in Kentucky. "Its operation has been all evil" to that cause of course. If the editor of the Journal doesn't refer to that cause in the above cool statement he insults the common sense of the public. He might as well say that every government measure for the last four years had been all evil. The above is simply contemptible. Does the editor of the Journal know how much his paper has had to say within a few months in behalf of the service rendered the State government by the military? What nimble sycophancy

some men are capable of to be sure. The unkindest cut of all to James Buchannan, who served the Southern traitors with a servility unsurpassed in the history of the country, is given in the late letter of Hon. Kenneth Rayner to Dr. William El-

majority of its voting population. "Though one were to rise from the dead" for its conan as more responsible for the disasters and horrors of the last four years than any man in the nation. The people of the South had very kind feelings for him. In fact, he was more popular with the ultra men of the South, on account of his connivance at the Kansas outrage, his dogma about hav-ing no power to coerce a State, &c., than he was with the Union men. A remonstrance from him, a warning, a declaration that he must maintain the authority of the Governnent and see that the laws were executedthis, coming from a friend, would have induced the secessionists to pause and consider, at least; it would have aroused and process of decay, whatever weakens the given confidence to the Union element of the South. It would, in my opinion, have tenure of its existence, is the most effective averted the conflict. But he stood still and and serviceable anti-slavery argument that did nothing.

HORRIBLE ACCIDENT .- We have this morning to publish an account of another horrible accident, by which an estimable lady lost her life. Mrs. Wolfe, whose husand keeps a tavern on the corner of Third and Market streets, left home in the afteroon in the best of health and spirits, to be brought to her agonized family cold in the embrace of death. She visited a family by the name of Grau, living on Portland avenue, near Eighteenth street, to spend the afternoon. Mrs. Wolfe and Mrs. Grau went into the privy together, when the floor gave way and both ladies fell into the sink. They were in this place perhaps a quarter of an hour before being rescued. Mrs. Grau was taken out safely, but Mrs. Wolfe expired in a few moments after being brought to the fresh air.

GREEN RIVER SLACKWATER NAVIGATION. We have it from various sources that the work of improving the slackwater navigation on Green river is progressing very pressure of exactly the same force which slowly. It is of the utmost importance to the commercial interests of Louisville tion will be just so much enhanced. Gen. that Green river navigation should be resumed as speedily as possible. There is a 'easily persuaded but hard to drive." We vast amount of produce along the waters of are not particular about the name given to Green river, awaiting the opportunity to such "persuasions" as have have liberated reach this market; but the navigation of the river is wholly suspended, with little or no progress made in the work of repairs. They should be prosecuted with dispatch, and no delays.

A SINGULAR AND PAINFUL ACCIDENT,-Some days ago a sportsman in the vicinity of Eureka, Illinois, wounded a white crane, and took it to town. While examining it some of the citizens tantalized the bird until they got it angry. Among the number was George W. Thompson, formerly of was George W. Thompson, formerly of Rockport, Indiana, and for several years clerk of Parke county. While stooping tering and satisfactory. clerk of Parke county. While stooping down to pluck at it, the crane made a sudden peck at his face literally tearing one of his eyes from his head.

FIBE AT CAIRO.-A fire occurred at Cairo on Wednesday night, originating in Canterbury Hall, corner of Commercial Avenue and Fourth street, resulting in the total destruction of five wooden buildings, occupied as stores and tenements combined. The International Hotel, on the opposite corner, barely escaped destruction. Much of the furniture and other valuables, removed to the streets for safety, were stolen. The estimated loss is \$15,000. The fire is be lieved to be the work of an incendiary.

OUTRAGE IN KENTUCKY .- The Evansville Journal is informed that outrages upon citzens are of frequent occurrence in the region of Kentucky lying between this and the Cumberland river. Parties are passing through the country and seizing men and hanging them up until they consent to divulge where their money is concealed. They then rob them and let them go. The perpe trators should be hunted down and shot or hanged.

CHAMPS ELYSEES CIRCUS.-This great circus, with its gorgeous pageantry, glittering costumes, funny clowns, terrific acrobats, daring male and dashing female riders, and everything else connected with a first class establishment of the kind, gives its first performance at the corner of East and Chestnut to-night. The grand entree into the city will be made at ten o'clock, preceded by a fine band. Go early tonight.

LOUISVILLE THEATER.-Miss Leo Hudon commences a short engagement at this has had every advantage, and, if not suc cessful, will be her own fault. The operatic spectacle of the Lakes of Killarney, with Mrs. Hamilton as Kate Kearney, will conclude the entertainment.

Wood's THEATER.-The great spectacle of Aladdin will be presented at this place of amusement to-night. The scenery for this piece has been painted at great cost, and the dresses, properties, &c., are said to be the most gorgeous. The renowned Zavistowski Troupe have also been engaged, and will appear each evening in some new terpsichorean novelty.

GONE UP.-Rumor has it, that our friends of the burnt cork persuasion, the Newcomb Minstrels, after a spasmodic effort of one week to draw good houses at the Masonic Temple, went up on Saturday night in a blaze of red and blue fire to play no more. We could not learn the exact origin of the difficulties.

MASONIC TEMPLE .- Alf. Burnett, the great humorist, who has won quite a reputation abroad, opens at the Temple to-night. For real amusement we advise a full attendance. The drolleries of the inimitable Alf. will furnish merriment for the most fastidious. Go and see the great man of fifty faces.

We would call the attention of our eaders to the professional card of Drs. swan and Larrabee in another column. Both these gentlemen are good practitioners, and have had the best of experience. We wish them all success consistent with the health of our community.

DIED .- Miss Pfeffer, who was so badly burned last Wednesday night, died from her injuries Saturday night. We learn that Miss P. was to have been married next week, and was engaged on some fancy needle work for the occasion when the sad accident occurred.

By reference to an advertisement in another column it will be seen that Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kean (Ellen Tree) will give two of their splendid parlor entertainments in Louisville in December, commencing on the 11th. We know they will have select DRS. SWAN & LARRABEE

James Bennett employed a hackman Saturday night to drive him around the city. After he had been in the hack several hours. he alighted and refused to pay. Officers Booker and Ewing arrested him and placed him in jail.

Captain Bainey arrived from Chicago Saturday, where he had been in attendance on the Railroad Convention. He is looking as bright as a new pin, and is again ready to extol the advantages of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad.

WHAT COMFORT IN A PURE HAVANA .-McGill, the tobacconist, on Green street, near the post-office, has some very choice brands of imported cigars. We speak knowingly.

The order mustering out four thou-The order mustering out four thousand negro troops in this State was countermanded on Friday. Saturday morning an order came to muster them out immediately.

DEALERS IN AMERICAN AND IMPORTED PATRICIC, in the state of the state

#### CITY TAX RECEIVER'S NOTICE. -On Nov. 0th 5 per cent. will be added to all bills then unpaid. On Dec. 10th 10 per cent. will be added to same. Tax payers in order to

A. RAMMERS, Receiver. 016-d2 Officer McDonald arrested Josephine Sparks, yesterday, on the charge of stealing clothing and money from a house in the upper part of the city.

avoid an extra expense, will please call

George Rohlston alias Lad Isaac, as arrested yesterday by Officer Baily for stealing a watch from a man on Market

Foljambe, of Adams' Express Company, has our thanks for a plump budget of Eastern papers in advance of the mail.

Officer Turner, on Saturday, arrested John Carey and W. Smith on the charge of robbery.

Officers Ryan and Sinkhorn arrested John Whitaker on the charge of arson yes terday.

A new line of photograph albums ust opened at Civill & Calvert's. oc16-12t The New Albany Horse Fair closed Saturday to a very good attendance.

A SELF-SUSTAINING POLICE DEPART-MENT.—Chicago can boast of having what it could never before, and what no other city can boast, a self-sustaining police de-partment. Mr. Roswell Scott, secretary of the Board of Police, has nearly completed the quarterly report for the three months ending September 30 last. From this it ap-pears that the total number of arrests made during that quarter was 4442; the amount of fines assessed was \$28,944, and the value of stolen property recovered was \$10,554. Total amount of fines and recovered property \$45,498. This is fully \$10,000 more than

A NEAT REPLY .- " I dislke your saying that my teeth are going. So don't." Said a young lady to her beau "Not 'So don't,' but, 'So-zo-dont' you should have said," he replied. The damsel pouted, but took the hint Nor need it be said that the balsamic preparation arrested the evil; though it could not quite repair the damag already done.

Ask the entry clerks at the custom house how muc oreign perfumery is imported under the present revenu aws. They will tell you next to none. The extracts and ssences purporting to be European are fraudulent and purious. The only genuine, pure and standard perfume in the market, is Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus," old everywhere

#### SPECIAL NOTICES.

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY, an Essay of Warning as d Instruction for Young Men, just published by the Howard Association, and sent in scaled letter envelopes free of charge. Addres, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

ONE COD LIVER OIL OF PERFECT PURITY EXISTS .- It anufactured by John C. Baker & Co., No. 718 Market treet, Philadelphia. For eighteen years it has been considered the finest preparation of its kind in the market guarantees are the written testimonials of the mos ninent physicians in America. They are open to the blic at the manufactory. Consumptives and all who uffer from coughs, colds, bronchitis, trachitis, scrofuls r liver disase are invited to try the article.

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER, an Essay of Warning and In ruction for Young Men; also, new and reliable treat ent for the Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Systems ent free in sealed envelopes. Address Dr. J. Skillin Houghton, Howard Association, Philade'phia, Pa.

A CARD TO INVALIDS .- A clergyman, while residing i outh America as a missionary, discovered a safe and imple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early eay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and he whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and ricious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit he afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelops, to any one who needs it, FREE OF CLARGE. Please inclose a postpaid envelope addressed to yourself. Address JOS. T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.

### ASTROLOGY.



OU HAVE NOW AN OPPORTU the date of the marriace. Address, enclosi, and red stamp, JENNY LORINI, Drawer Mich. ocll-d&wlm

### PROPOSALS.

OFFICE CHIEF COMMISSARY OF SUSSISTENCE, OFFICE CHIFF COMMISSARY OF SUSSISTENCE, I MOBILE ALA. CCLOBE 6, 1855. I MOBILE ALA. CCLOBE 6, 1855. I PROFOSALS FOR FILESH BEEF.—SEALED PROPOSALS in duplicate, will be received at this effect till 11 o'clock A. M., on FRIDAY, the 20th day of October, 1855, for furnishing the troops in the State of Alabama (exclusive of the Northern Military District,) with FRESH BEEF,

of a good and marketable quaity, in such quantities and at such times as may be required, during the months of November and December, 1855, and January, 1856.

The feef delivered to be in equal proportion of fire and hind quarter meat (necks, sharks, and kidney tallow being excluded.) The necks of the cattle slaughtered for beef to be cut off at the fourth vetebral joint, and the breast trimmed down. The sharks of fore quarters to be cut off firm three to four inches above the kine joint, and of hind quarters from six to eight inches above the gambrel or hock joint.

The principal points of delivery are Mobile, Solma, Montgomery, Demopolis, and Talladega, Ala.

Proposals, to secure consideration, must be of the following form:

Place of business.

lowing form:

Place of business.

[Here insert a copy of the advertisement.]

The und-risigned hereby agrees (or agree) to enter into a contract, based upon the accompanying advertisement, to supply all the Freeh Beef required for the United States troops stationed in the S ate of Alabama, south of the Tennessee river, for three (3) months, commencing on the first day of November, 1e65, at

cents

mills per pound. [Duplicates.] Signatures, or Signatures. Each proposal must be accompanied by the writt-marantee of two responsible persons, of the following

orm:
The undersigned hereby bind themselves to enter into bonds for a good and sufficient amount, in lawful currency of the United States, that I name of contractorial fathiuly folial any contract nade with him [or hem] under the accompanying advertisement.

(Witness) Witn-ss)
Signature,
the responsibility of the guarantees must be shown be
official certificate of the clerk of the nearest District
urt, or of the United District Attorney, duplicate t
incosed with the bid.

ng the office.

The Government reserves to itself the right to reject the considered unreasonable.

Proposals for iurnishing each military district s paterially, will be received.

Payments to be made at the end of each current mouth a such funds as may be on hand; if none on hand, to be made as spon as received. In such lumos as may be on mand; it note on mand, to be made as soon as received.

Proposals a ust be indorsed distinctly "Proposals for Fresh Eech," and addressed to Captain W. A. Elerkin, Unief C. S., Department of Alabama, Mobile, Ala.

W. A. ELDERKIN, oct4

Capt. and Chief C. S., Dep't of Alabama.

## BUSINESS CARDS. OFFICE-210 THIRD STREET.

Between Walnut and Chestaut streets, LQUISVILLE, KY.

J. A. LARRABEE. 436 Preston street. Preston street, near Lion Garden Families attended by the year on reasonable

#### CIFTS. GIFTS! GIFTS!

10,000 GIFTS! CALL AND RECEIVE A GIFT! A, TELLEZ & CO.,

## NEWSPAPER.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO THE of a DAIL Y and WEEKLY NEWSPAPER in this city as soon as the necessary presses, machinery and types can be procure d from New York, which will probably be by the middle of the coming I nonth, November Fo soon as a suitable office is secured, and other necessary arrangements are made, a Prospectus will be issued. so soon as a sun and a Prospectus will be shaded.

In the meantime it may be proper to say that no labor, In the meantime it may be proper to say that no labor, In the meantime it may be proper to say that no labor, In the meantime it may be proper to say that no labor, I freely say that the meantime it may be proper to say that no labor, I freely say that the meantime is a freely say that no labor, I freely say that n

The terms f.r subscription and advertising will be made o correspond with the rates charged by the other city Kate Kearney, (with songs)........Mrs. Claud Hamilton papers.

W. N. HALDEMAN DRY COODS.

UNTIL MONDAY, OCTOBER 22.

On which occasion we expect make some extensive

NEW YORK STORE.

We shall offer our entire stock of

oc166-d&w1

Foreign and Domestic

GOODS!

AT GREAT BARGAINS,

AND Cheaper by far than they were ever be-

Embraced in our stock are Most elegant Silks of all colors Evening Silks in greatest variety; 500 styles new Dress Goods;

low prices.

English and French Merinces of every color: Poplins, Vellours, Empress Cloths, Reps; Alpacas and Wool Delaines of all color. Our Hosiery and Glove stock, together with every de-cription of Underwear, White Goods, Laces, Embroideries, Braids and Cloak Trimmings, is the largest we ever ad, and shall be offered this week very cheap. Cloaks, Wool and Zephyr-knit Shalls, Nubias, Caps, Hoods and Opera Shawls in greatest variety.

We doubt if there is in Louisville such a stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Jeans, Linseys, etc., f.r men's, boys'

and servants' wear, as we have, all of which will be

## S. BARKER & CO.,

NEW YORK STORE. Fourth St., bet, Market and Jefferson,

SAVINGS COMPANIES. National Freedman's Savings

TRUST COMPANY.

Chartered by Congress March 3, 1865,

A branch of the above Institution has been opened in bis city, at the headquarters of Major General Palmer, on Walnut, between Third and Fourth streets. A safe place of deposit is now offered to the Freedmen where sums as small as one dollar will be received and

kent safely until required by the depositor. Office hours from 8 to 9 forenoon; 4 to 6 afternoon.

WM, H. GODDARD,

### AUCTION SALES.

ARGE SALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

oc16-tf

e, on Bringer, on Bringer, on Bringer, on Bringer, on Bringer, 1970 heets;
1400 heets;
1400 pair brawers;
1220 Shirts;
700 Mattressess;
940 Hair Pillows, etc.
Also, a large amount of Furniture and Appliances.
Sale to commone at 9 A. M.
By order of Major General Thomas.
S.E. FULLER,
Self-7t Surgeon U. S. Vols., in charge

SECOND LARGE SALE

OF Hospital Bedding, Clothing, Furniture and Furnishing Goods,

AT PUBLIC AUCTION FOR ACCOUNT OF THE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT U.S. A., at the Medical Purvevor's Warehou e, northwest corner of Main and First streets, on THURSDAY MORNING, October 16th, communcing at ten

BEDDING.

7,500 Hair Pillows, 600 Feather do , 5,000 L. & C. Pillow Cases, 2,00 Shuck Mattresses.

CLOTHING. 1,000 Dressing Gowns, 1,200 pair Woolen Socks, 200 pair & lippers. FURNITURE.

5.000 Iron Bedsteads The above articles are all good, and in good order many of them being in the original packages.
#857 Als will be added, a large lot of condemned hos-sital property, consisting of the following articles:
600 Shuck Mattressess, 75 cases Teeth Instruments
500 Hair P.Hows, 1000 Counterpanes, 500 Bed Sacks, 400 Feather Pillows, 1600 pair Drawers, 1500 Dressing Gowns, 400 pair Slippers, 1508 Bed-side Tables, 770 Chairs. O Hair Pillows, O Linen Pillow Cases, O C. and L. Sheets, Cotton Shirts, pair Woolen Socks, Iron Beadsteads, Wood Buckets,

2 d Wood Beckets,
700 Tin Cups,
66 Mess Chests,
40 cases Surgical Instruments.
10 cases I ssecting Instruments,
10 cases Pocket Instru20 do, Chests,
10 do, Panniers,
10 d ments,
Cogether with a lot of Cutlery, Tin ware and misce
seous articles.

S. G. HENRY & CO.,

OC14-codtd Auctioneers.

ON TUE DAY MORNING, OCTOBER 17th, AT THE Warehouse of the SANITARY COMMI-SION on Fifth street, between Main and Market, will be sold at Public Auction, a large quantity of Office turni ure and other property, consisting of Desks, Chairs, Tables, Stoves, Kanses, Cots, Beds and Bedding, Crockery, Knives and Forks, Coffee, Sugar, Tea, etc., etc., together with 10,00 lbs. Feathers and two saddle flors s

Secretary Western Department U.S. Sanitary Commission.

OFFICE ASSISTINF Q ARTERMASTIR,
NASHVILLE, TENN., Oct. 11, 1885. }

SALE OF GOVERNMENT WORK OXEN.
I will sell at Public Auction at the U.S. Corralls in
Nashville, Tenn., on MONDAY, the 23d day of October,
1865, tti ty-four head of Work Oxen.
These Oxen are in good condition, and fit for immediate service. ate service.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, P. M. Terms, Cash, in Government funds.

By order of

COL. A. J. MACKAY,
Chief of Q. M. Dep't of Tennessee

REMOVAL. REMOVAL.

GIFTS! MESSRS. BRADSHAW & BRO. Architects,

> Have removed their office to NO. 64 MAIN STREET.

between Second and Third

MOLASSES-GABDNEB!4:00

#### AMUSEMENTS.

## THE LOUISVILLE COURIER. Louisville Theater.

First appearance this season of

MISS LEO HUDSON. for positively six nights only. This (Monday) Evening, October 16th, will be presented the great military drama of the

FRENCH SPY ; or, THE FALL OF ALGIERS.

To conclude with the spectacle of the

O"In rehears: I the new and original drama in three ac's, by Dion Boucicault and E. H. House, entitled ARRAH NA POGUE; or, THE WICKLOW WEDDING. The piece will be placed on the stage with entire new enery, machinery a deffects.

#### WOOD'S THEATER, Cor. Fourth and Jefferson Sts.

.....Acting and Stage Manager

Engagement of the renowned

CHRISTINE ZAVISTOWSKI TROUPE. Be Monday Evening, October 16th, the great tale of en-chantment, entitled

ALADDIN; or, THE WONDERFUL LAMP. With new dresses, scenery, properties, machinery and

appointments. The Christine Zavistowski Troupe in grand Pas Seul, Pas de Deux, Pas de Trois, and Pas de Chinois. PRICES OF ADMIS ION. - Dress Circle and Parquette, 7 c;

### Masonic Hall.

MR. AND MRS. CHARLES KEAN.

W. F. BROUGH RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE W. public of Louisville that he has engage! Mr. and Mrs. Chaklaks Ran. (formerly Mrs. Elden Tree,) the most celebrated of English dramatic arists, to give two entertainments, consisting of Shakeperan keadings and Ballat Recitations at Masonic Hall, on MONDAN, 11th, and WEDNEDAY, 13th of December.

Mr. Brough begs to call the attention of the ladi s and gentim-n of Luisville to the fact or its being the only nights on which these renowned artists can possibly anpar in this city. nights on which these renowned artists can possib par in this city, previous to their flual returement that profession upon which, for so many years, they shed so great a lustre.

#### Masonic Temple,

POSITIVELY FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY, Monday and Tuesday Evenings, October 16th and 17th.

ALF BURNETT,

HUMORIST,

#### COMIC DELINEATOR, THE MAN OF FIFTY FACES.

his comic Olio of Oddities, Beautiful Poetic Gems,

Laughable Debates, Preacher from Hepsidam, Mary Had a Little Lamb. Bo Doors open at half-past six; commence at half jast

seven.

\*\*\*Tickets 50 cents; reserved seats 75 cents. Seats may
be secured any time of Charley Ward, at D. P. Fould's
Music Store.

#### OIL COMPANIES. THE COLUMBIA OIL COMP'Y of Kentucky.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Kentucky, Jan. 1865) BOARD OF DIRECTORS. Hon. B. S. Coffey, Columbia, Ky.; General J. T. Boyle, Lou sville, Ky; R. A. Watts, Louisville, Ky.; A. H. Hazer, New York; R. Bull, New York; A. G. Story, Little Falls, N. Y.; O. Ladue, Little Falls, N. Y.

OFFICERS. Hon. B. S. Coffey, President; W. A. Klessendorff, Sectary; A. O. Durland, Treasurer. Capital, \$500.000. (Par Value, Twenty-five Dollars per Share.)

CAPITAL. The Capital Stock of the Company is Five Hundred housand Dollars, divided into twenty thousand shares i the par value of twenty-five dollars ea h. PROPERTY OF THE COMPANY.

The property owned by the Company, and which con-titutes its capital, comprises one thousand nine hundred and forty-four acres of land, situated near the Cumber-and river, in Russell and Wayne counties, Kentucky. IN FAE SIMPLE. x tracts of land, embracing three hundred and thirty-ght acres, situated on McFarland's branch of Cany ork of Wolf Creek, are owned in fee simple by the Com-

psny.

Th re are four or more Oil Springs or sears on these
tracts, which are within half a mile of Ow.ley's well
bored for sait many years ago, and which has afforded
oil ever since, used principally for mod cinal purposes,

LEASES. Tract No. 1, situated on Otter Creek, Wayne county, ontains four hundred acres, upon a lease of forty years, with a 10ya.ty of one-twentieth of eit product to be derivered to the lessor. This tract is represented as having several oil springs upon it, and is situated within a ew miles of the Cumberland river. Inverse to the restor. In several oil springs upon it, and is situated within a few miles of the Cumberland river.

Tract No. 2, situated on Cumberland river, in Wayne county, contains three hundred and seventy acres. This clease extends for fifty years, with a royalty of one-tenth to the lessor. The cumberland is a navigable stram some twenty-five miles above the celebrated oil wells of Rarksville, Cumb riand county.

Tract No. 3, situated on Wolf creek, in Eussell county, contains about four hundred acres, and regarded as in the line of subterrancan distorbances in the oil region of Russell county, within a few miles of the Cumberland river.

of Russell county, within a few mifes of the Cumberland river.

Tract No. 4, situated in Russell county, on Canw Fork of Wolf Creek, contains about three hundred and thirty-three acres, and within about half a mile of Cumberland river. These lands are situated about fourten miles above the flowing wells on trocus creek, and within a very short distance of a well recently struck near Creelsboro, on the Cumberland river, in Russell county.

The Company has two wells, one in which they are pumping at the depth of one hundred and seventy feet, with a small but a gradually increasing yield of oil. The cher well is being bored, and is already down some depth, with a good show of oil.

The operations of the Company are under the reasonal supervision of the President, with competent and experienced men as assistants, who have every confidence in the success of their efforts.

There are a number of shares of stock of this Company or sale at — per share, the proceeds of which are for the further development of the property.

It is the intention of the Company to increase the amount of lands to 2,500 acres, and develop every tract at once.

The lands now owned and held by the Company are The lands now owned and held by the Company are confidently believed to present as favorable prospects for large yields of petroleum as those in any section of the

State.

They are situated on and near the Cumberland river, and are within forty to fifty miles of the Lebanon branch of the Louisville and Nashville Bailroad, to which there is a good turnpike or macademized road most of the dis-The Company have procured an engine, and will com-sence operations at once under the personal supervision rence operations at once under the personal supervision if the President.

Tract No. 5, situated on Wolf Creek, Russell county, ontains about seventy-five acres within a short distance if the Cumberland river. the Cumberland river.
Tract No. 6, situated on McFarland's branch of Wolf
reek, in Russell county, contains about twenty eight
res near the Cumberland river. Acres near the Cumberland river.

Apply to the SECRETARY, at the office of J. T. Boyle,
No. 7 Hamilton Luffding, corner of Sixth and Main

#### MARSHAL'S SALE. Marshal's Sale.

In Chancery, No. 19,039. E. A. Finnegan &c.

DY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISVILLE
Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the unhe proferry in pleadings members, fr., viz.: A lot with the arpurtenances, fr. e inches on the east side of Builitt. be. Water streets, and running back cast let. The beginning of said lot is 185 let. The beginning of said lot is 185 let. 

#### Marshal Louisville Chancery Court. N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy. oci3-dtd Louisville, October 13, 1865. PROFESSIONAL.

W. T. WARD, Late Brev. Maj. Gen. U. S. V. Late Col. 27th Ky. Inf.

#### WARD & SON, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW;

OFFICE: NO. 14 CENTER ST., WEST SIDE, BET. JEFFERSON AND GREEN, LOUISVILLE, KY.

#### HOTEL. PLANTERS' HOTEL D. W. POOR, Lessee,

Sixth Street, near Main, Louisville, Ky. THIS HOUSE HAS BEEN REPAIRED, REFITTED and refurnished, and is now open as a first class Tell Ten Thousand People at Once by Advertising in the Daily Press.

### CANDIDATE.

H. M. McCARTY respe the members of the Kentucky State Legislature as a car fidate for re-election to the office of State Binder. se7-te

#### WANTED.

WANTED.—YOUNG MEN OF LOUISVILLE TO know that Bryant, Stratton & DeHan's Louisville and Gincinvati Business and Telegraph Colleges are teleasements of the Strategies of the Largest and BEST in America. None but the best teachers employed. Any porson sending the names of welveyoung mea or soldiers who have not attended a commercial college will receive magnificent specimen's of DeHan's cial college will receive magnificent specimen's of DeHan writing. Young men write to-day. se20 tf

A GENTS TO CANVASS KENTUCKY AND TEN'ESSKE for the Great New Work, "PATROLEUM V.
NASBY PAPERS," published by R. W. Carrett. & Co.
This book must have a larger croulation than any book
ever sold by sub-cription, owing to its originality and
homor. There is no similar work in the field, so that
agents will find this a glorious opportunity, if they embrace it soon. The work is trinted, engraved, and
bound in the highest style of art, and contains \$10 pages
of well-written matter. Applicants will state experience. They may either send for circulars, or, if they
wish to comm-nce at once, inclose \$1.25 for order-book
and \$25 for sample copy. We give the highest terms of
any house in America. No charges for boxes and exclulive rights given as to territ. Ty.
Address

General Agent, Louisville, K.

General Agent, Louisville, K.

Endress In Secretal Agent, Louisville, K.

Endress In Secretal Agent, Louisville, K.

Endress Homoville Whig and Kashylle Fres and Times copy and
send bill to this office.)

#### FOR SALE.

POR SAIR—LAND.—NINE ACRES OF BEAUTIFUL Island, well improved, on Twenty-listh street, between blain street and the Portland Railway. Also, 3% acres, with Trame cottage upon it, one squares south, and 2 squares west of same. Aprly at the Brux Store, corner seventh and Market streets. BENJ, F. ALFURD,

FOR SALE-TWO BRICK HOUSES-TWO STORIES F each, four rooms and servants rooms on Chestnut, by tween Second and Third streets. Appy to FBANK CAE TEE, or D.S. BENEDICT & SONS. feb28-tf

#### FOUND.

FOUND-A BRASS DOOR KEY.-THE OWNER CAN get it at this office by paying for the advertisement,

#### LOST.

L OST-CHILD.—ABOUT TEN DAYS AGO A LIKELY
L little black boy, named Peter, neatly dresset, and
also quite handsome in an peranece. He was inst seen in
the vicinity of First and Green streets, white passing
through the city. Hi-mother is now living with Dr. Waller, in Shelbyville. Ky. A liberal reward will be paid
for his delivery to J. W. Shockency, Second street, between Market and Jefferson, Louisville, Ky.
sc22-H MRS. SOPHIA LYLE.

#### WANTED. .

WANTED-AL!. YOUNG MEN-WISHING TO BE TELL-GBAPH OPERATORS to come at once to Bryant, Stratton & i eHan's Louisville and Cincinnati Colleges. These are the best and largest in the country, Write for College monthly, which will be sent tree, sc2a-t

FURNISHING COODS.

## GREAT OPENING

Ladies' Furs! Gents' Furs! Child'n's Furs!

Complete Stock!

Bought Early! Low Figures!

Genuine Goods!

Real Names! Purest Qualities!

## GREEN & GREEN.

COR. MAIN AND FOURTH STS.,

Are in receipt of their fall stock of

Ladies', Gents' & Children's Furs

They were purchased in the opening of the season, and at prices

33 PER CENT.

BELOW PRESENT FIGURES.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

SHERMAN P. WHALEY & CO. REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AUCTIONEERS.

On Sixth street, bet. Main and Market

RED FRONT. WE HAVE THIS DAY ENTERED INTO A CO-PABT. nership for the purpose of carrying on a general AUC TION and COMMISSION business exclusively. NO GOCDS OF OUR OWN WILL BE SOLD.

We will pay strict attention to sales of Furniture a private residences, Real Estate, Houses and Lots, also sales of Dry Goods and Merchandise generally.

We respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage Our house will be open for business on Monday morn ing, Sept. 25, when we shall be very happy to receive th consignments of our friends and the public in general. Lily ral cash advances made on consignments.

SHERMAN P. WHALEY. NORT, O. POPE. E. D. FRYER.

BOOTS, SHOES, ETC.

## WHOLESALE

BOOTS, SHOES & WOOL HATS.

WE ARE RECEIVING A FULL STOCK FOR FALL and Winter trade, which we are selling at low prices. INGALLS & CO.,

165 WEST MAIN STREET,

ATTENTION, YOUNG MEN A S THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN ON A VISIT TO for that country, and is now fully prepared to cure all the most difficult cases of Seminal Weakness and other private compaints. All persons addressing the undersigned, and enclosing \$1 will receive prompt attention. Address oce-tif. B. BUSSELL, Soften Mass.

## EVERYBODY TAKE NOTICE! THE DAILY PRESS BY TELEGRAPH.

The Press is the Official Paper of the United States for the State of Kentucky

deck is a reliable and responsible gentleman, and having proven himself a good soldier of the Republic deserves the encouragement which he will doubtless receive from our trans-

By referring to the printed terms on ur first page, it will be seen that we have

to receive a momentary shock. She did not loose her presence of mind, however, but seized with energy a portion of her apparel on one side of her lap, and called the conductor. That official approached, when the lady coolly said to him, "There is something under my dress which is alive; please to grasp it hard just where I have hold of it." The conductor did so, and felt a living animal, which he choked with his fist until it was paralyzed. The lady meanwhile putting her hands under her dress, pulled forth a good sized rat, whose rodent career was soon permanently ended with a few blows from the butt of the driver's whip. The impudent beast was cast forth into the highway, and the horse-car went on its way highway, and the horse-car went on its way rejoicing, the passengers being divided in opinion as to whether the rat was a resident of Willard's Hotel or the cars of the Wash-ington and Georgetown Railroad.—Wash-

agton Republican. The loss by the burning of 3,500 bales of cotton, at Mobise, on the 6th inst., amounting to some \$800,000, falls upon the insurance companies—Northern and foreign.

There were 2,550 bales in the Planter's warehouse, and 845 in Magee & Smith's. The fire was evidently the work of an incendiary, and the Mobile Advertiser calls attention to the fact that cotton warehouses. attention to the fact that cotton warehouses in that city have not been guarded at night.

#### MEDICAL.

Great Remedies of the Age. **HUNNEWELL'S** 

UNIVERSAL COUGH REMEDY. FOR ALL THROAT AND LUNG COMPLAINTS.

HUNNEWELL'S Tolu Anodyne,

The great remedy for Asthma, Neuralgia, Pains in Men-struction, and all Nervous complaints. 50 cents per Bottle.

HUNNEWELL'S

cannot be over estima ed. The dose, a single p'll, note than two, and so very small, make them most e in every family. 25 cents per Bottle.

HUNNEWELL'S CONSUMPTIVE REMEDY.

A radical cure for this heretofore called incurable com-plaint. Price, One Dollar per Bottle.

The Testimentals in my possession, to be seen by all, will remove every doubt of the perfect character of the above named preparations, and to publish which would not expect them to be classed with the thousands published in newspapers, and not a fraction of toem of the least character. I beginspecificated such at my office, confidence to test the preparation, and correspondence from all.

### JOHN L. HUNNEWELL,

SOLE PROPRIETOR. PRACTICAL CHEMIST AND PHARMACUETIST. 9 COMMERCIAL WHARF, BOSTON, MASS.

The Property of the preparations securely packed to be sent in any quantity by express, or as directed.

The preparations securely packed to be sent in any quantity by express, or as directed.

The preparations securely packed to be sent in any quantity by the preparation of each article given in notices, to follow this from month to month. self-each paraticle.

### DISSOLUTION.

Dissolution of Copartnership. THE FIRM OF W. & H. BURKHARDT IS DISSOLV
do by the death of William Burkhardt, which or
surred on the lith inst. The survivor, Henry Burkhardt
continues the bus uses from and after September 20th
885, in his own name, and as surviving partner will clos
at tae business of the late firm, at the same house the
coupled on Main street, between Firth and Sixth.

HENRY BUSKHAARDT.
Lonisville, Ky., Sept. 21st. 18-5.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN APPOINTED administrator of William Burkhardt, deceased, requests all persons having claims against decedent to present them properly authenticated for payment. BENRY BURKHARDT,
Adm'r of Wm. Burkhardt, dec'd.

TOBACCO AND CICARS. PH. HIRSHFELD.

CIGAR MANUFACTURER. 218 Third St., bet. Main and Market, LOUISVILLE, KY.

H AVANA AND DOMESTIC CIGARS, MEXR-schaum Pipes, Chewing and Emoking Tobacco, at reduced prices.

WILLS. High Street Planing Mill

MUNROE & HATCH.

HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND FLOORING Weather Boarding, Pine and Poplar Joist and Scantling, and Building Material generally. Sawing, Resplitting, Plaining, etc., done promptly. Also Boors, Sashes and Blinds made to order, tegether with all kinds of Tobacco and other boxes Orders solicited. Postoffice ox 527. High street near Twelith.

BOOK TRADE. NOW READY --- AGENTS WANTED! L VERYWHERE FOR STORKE & BROCKETI'S HISTORY OF THE REBELLION, 1600 PAGES, 200 PORTRAITS, MAPS, ETC. The FIRST HISTORY completed, and the BEST SELLING BOOK IN MARKET. The PEOPLE WANT is, and this is a rare chance for Agents. 46 For Terms, 1500, write at once to the AUBURN FUBLISHING 50., Auburn, N. Y.

WRITING PAPER.

500 REAMS RULED AND PLAIN FOOLSCAP Paper;
560 reams ruled and plain Letter Paper;
560 do do Note do
In store and for sale low by
william CROMVE. 2000 BUNDLES RAG AND STRAW WEAPPING has not arrived up to this time.

A northeasterly rain storm commenced this morning, with prospects of a continuance.

REGULAR MIDNIGHT REPORT.

Later from Europe---Arrival of

the Indians.

Financial. NEW York, October 15 .- The Herald's special from Washington contains the following: The Fourth Auditor's Report for from Admiral Farragut down to the poorest

ships boy.

Reports have been made upon twenty two applications for admission to the Nava Asylum; many have made allotments through agents in the principal cities for the benefit of their wives, children, and credibeneat of their wives, children, and creditors to the amount of \$1,500,000; of this sum more than \$600,000 were paid by allotment agents in New York. Twenty-four millions was disbursed for Paymaster accounts. Names of 896 pensioners have been added to the pension liet. During the year seven-ty-seven male clerks and upward of fifty females were employed.

Steamer Wrecked--Trial of Emerson Etheridge.

CAIRO, October 15.— The steamer Huntress unk on the wreck of the Black Hawk last night. The cargo will probably be saved in a damaged condition. Yesterday was the second day of the trial of Emerson Etheridge. The accused, who had been permitted to plead his own case, read his plea denying the jurisdiction of the Commission, which the Court overruled, on which Etheridge filed an exception to the ruling. He pleaded not guilty to to all of the charges and specifications except the second specification and second charge, to second specification and second charge, to which he plead guilty, on the Court allowing him to introduce the whole letter from which the extract was made. This letter is known as the Dresden letter, dated June 28, in which he made a specification that Tennessee had no law but force, and no semblance of civil government State or Fed. blance of civil government, State or Federal, but that enforced by the bayonets of

After some evidence for the prosecution, the accused presented the Court with a written statement, which admits all the facts in the first charge, namely: encouraging resistance to the ing resistance to the enforcement of the

From New Orleans—Freedmen's Bureau
—Inspection of the Registry of Voting— Gov. Wells Protests.

NEW ORLEANS, October 11,-Mr. Watter-on, special agent of the Government, who was enquring into the condition of Southern affairs, left yesterday afternoon, after a short stay. It is understood that his opinion is that the Freedmen's Bureau is an unnecessary burden to the Government.

The Provost Marshal has ordered an inspection of the city registry of voters, with the view of striking from the rolls the names of certain persons who are charged with certain acts of disloyalty antecedent to the President's amnesty proclamation, and of those who in 1862 registered themselves enemies of the United States. This would strike off one-fifth of the registered voters of the city.

of the city.

Gov. Wells protests against this interference with establishing State law. If the Provost Marshal persists Gov. Wells will appeal to the President,

From San Francisco-Boiler Explosion-Loss of Life.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 14.—The loss of life by the explosion of the steamer Lysorrit proves greater than at first reported. Thirty-two whites and twenty-two Chinese were killed, and thirty two whites wounded Some additional names of the killed are Jas. Barnes, of New Hampshire, H. Daken,

New York.

Receipts of treasure for nine months \$43,-000,000; gain on same period of last year \$20,000,000. The coinage at the Mint for the last nine months is over \$16,000,000.

Breadstuffs unchanged. Part of a cargo of barley has been purchased for New York at 1c per pound. Wool firm at 18@20.

### Riot in Washington--Appointment.

Washington, Oct. 15.—Quite a serious riot occurred at the Baltimore depot this morning between the 107th Ky. colored regiment, assigned to garrison Washington, and a number of white troops preparing to go North by the 11 o'clock train. Muskets, with the property was freely used, and istols and bayonets were freely used, and a corporal of the colored troops was killed. Several others were severely wounded. A company of the Veteran Reserve Regiment were promptly ordered to the scene of ac-tion by Gen. Deitz, but the colored rioters

left the field and the excitement subsided before the veterans arrived. The President this afternoon appointed John Connel Assessor of Internal Revenue

John Connel Assessor of Internal Revenue for the 4th District of Iowa. J. C. Derby, United States despatch agent at No. 5 Spruce street, New York, has been appointed agent for exhibitions in the United States. Applications to exhibit, and for information, should be addressed to him. He is authorized to deceide on the to him. He is authorized to deceide on the admissibility of such applications with regard to the question of transportation. The programme gives until the 6th of March, 1867, for the admission of foreign producers at French seaports, and Congress will have ample time to decide whether they will, as heretofore, on occasions of exhibitions of such magnitude, provide free transportation for articles from the United States. It would thus appear that the inventors and would thus appear that the inventors and producers of the United States have only to make up their minds and notify Mr. Derby with reasonable promptness, as without they prepare to send and secure the advan-

tages of being represented at an exhibition which will probably surpass all of its predecessors in splendor and importance. Sale of Public Lands-Internal Revenue Receipts.

NEW YORK, October 15 .- The Herald's Washington special says: The General Land Office at Ionia, Michigan, returns sales of 3800 acres of public land during the month of September.

Patents to the number of 123 will be issued on Tuesday next, and 130 that day a

week.

The receipts of internal revenue to-day are returned at \$850,000. From Boston. Boston, October 15.—The burning of a bridge at Stamford, Conn., delayed the mail train from New York last night, and Record of the Wirtz Trial.

Washington, Oct. 15.—The records of testimony in the Wirtz trial make 300 foolscap pages, divided into 70 parts, and contains about 304,000 objections and rulings of the court. One hundred and sixty witnesses were examined on both sides, seve-United States for the State of Kentucky and the Southern portion of Indiana and Ohio.

Later from Europe---Arrival of the Nova Scolla.

A WORD TO ADVERTISEES.

Our circulation is rapidly increasing, Thish renders the Press one of the best Arrivaling mediums in the State. We hope our friends will send in their advertising mediums in the State. We hope our friends will send in their advertisements.

Eight Persons Killed Outright.

Eight Persons Killed Outright.

Bale & Bro, L., N. A. & C. R. R.

Lake & Bro, L., N. A. & C. R. R.

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Lake Bro, L., R. & L.

Lake Bro, L., R. & L.

Lake Glava due to the best days to wold

From Fortress Monroe-- Execution -- Virginia Election.

ginia Election.

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 12.—Corporal J.
Sheppard, 98th U. S. colored regiment, was hung this morning at Camp Hamilton for rape committed last April near Richmond.
Proposals for the sale of 174 barrels whisky were opened to-day by Commissary Curry. Thirty-nine proposals were made at Government prices, covering 18,215 barrels. The successful bidders will be notified by mail.

The Election in Norfolk and Portsmouth passed off quietly yesterday. The vote was

passed off quietly yesterday. The vote was small. L. H. Chandler, for Congress, leads with a handsome majority. Mesers, Hunt and Langdon were elected to the House of Delegates from Portsmouth. Chanlers maority in Petersburg is over one hundred. The question of introducing water into of the 5th, and Londonde Norfolk was decided in the affirmative by a this point this afternoon.

Railroad Accident -- Eight Persons Killed -- List of the Killed.

PHILADELPHIA, October 15.-A dispatch from Lancaster gives a full explanation of the railroad accident yesterday. Yester-day, as the day express going East was within four miles of this city, an axle of the third car broke, part of which struck the bottom of the car near the front end, and tore out part of the bottom, precipitating the occupants of three seats on each side to

Highly Sensational -- Jeff. Davis Es-

caped. New York, Oct. 15.—A Washington special to a Sunday paper says that an extra-ordinary rumor prevails there, to the effect that Jeff. Davis has escaped from his place of confinement, and is now afloat on the ocean, bound probably for Nassau. It will be remembered that Davis had recently been removed from the casemate in the Fortress to Carrol Hall building in the interior of that Fort where he were interested. terior of that Fort, where he was given com-fortable apartments. The story was that on fortable apartments. The story was that on Friday at noon Davis got out of the Fortress in the disguise of a negro slave, and got on board of an English sloop, which was waiting in Hampton Roads. The vessel got under sail immediately he reached the deck. It is further stated that his escape was winked at by the high officials at Fortress Monree

Gen. Conner's Expedition -- Battle with

the Indians. NEW YORK, Oct. 15 .-- The Herald's special states that a telegram was received at the Interior Department to-day from Gen. Pope. It contains intelligence from Central City under date of Sept. 27th. General Conner had surprised the Indians under a medicine man, on Tongue river, killing 50 and capturing all their winter stores and capturing all their winter stores and 600 horses. On the 1st ult. Col. Cole, com-mhnding, had met the Sioux and Cheyennes, and after six days' fighting had killed and wounded 200 of the Indians, and scattered them beyond recovery, with a loss of stores, camp equipage and several of their chiefs. Our loss had not been more than 50 killed and wounded, including one

Pennsylvania Election. PHILADELHIA, October 15.—John Cessna, Chairman of the Union Central Committee, furnishes the following information to the Associated Press: The result of the late election in Pennsylvania has not been cor-rect as reported; in 42 counties official over the majority of 1862, leave the Union candidate a clear majority of 17,000. The reported majority in the balace of the States, 24 counties give from 5000 to 7000 Union ma-jority. The whole vote will exceed that of President Lincoln on home and army vote by several thousand. The Union party will hove two-thirds of both brances of the Legislature. The Union party gains in 38 of the 42 counties, officially returned.

Safe Robbed.

New York, October 15.—The safe of the Eric Railroad Company, in use by one of their naymasters at Port Lervis, was copened. Erie Railroad Company, in use by one of their paymasters at Port Jervis, was opened on the night of the 11th inst., and \$2000 in currency abstracted therefrom. Over \$1400 of the amount was this morning found buried near by, and such information has been obtained as to justify the hope that the whole will be discovered, and the thieves

North Carolina Convention. RALEIGH, N. C., October 15.—The Convention yesterday continued the discussion of the State Department, though the ques-

tion was thought to have been dispos the previous day.

A resolution was passed requesting the President to relieve negro troops from the The Convention will be in session some

Pennsylvania Election. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 14.—From present indications the Union majority at the late election will exceed that of Lincoln by several thousand; Official returns from counties thus far has been received, twenty counties are yet to be heard from.

Episcopal Convention.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 14.—The Convention to-night proceeded to the consideration of the military canon which led to a lengthy discussion, which was participated in by Gov. Hunt, Judge Otis, and Rev. Drs. Kerfoot, Keene, Adams, and others

Fifteen hundred copies of Bishop Stevens sermon on the consecration of Bishop Quintard were ordered to be printed. The Convention then adjourned.

Paris Universal Exposition. Wasshington, October 15,—The Secretary of State has distributed a pamphlet concerning the Paris University Exposition.

Death of a Telegrapher. Indianapolis, Oct. 15.—Dennis Gregg, formerly publisher of the New Albany Tribune, and for sometime connected with the telegraph office of this city, died at 8 o'clock this evening,

Philadelphia Press Enlarged. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 15 .- Col. Forney's

## SPECIAL TO WEST'RN PRESS

October 16-3 A. M.

Harris Divorce Case--Action for Damages During the Copperhead Riots--English Capitalists--General M'Clellan.

New York, October 15.—The taking of the evidence in the Harris divorce case at New London having been concluded Friday forenoon, the afternoon of that day and the whole of Saturday's sitting of the Court were occupied in the arguments of counsel on both sides. So far as the proceedings in open court are concerned, the case is now concluded. It is not expected that the decision will be rendered sooner than eight or ten days hence,

Twenty ocean steamers cleared here yes erday, of which two were for Europe, and the principle part of the remainder for our

the principle part of the remainder for our Southern ports.

In the Court of Common Pleas yesterday, action was brought by Solomon Meyer against the city for \$1485 to recover damages alleged to have been done to plaintiff's boot and shoe store during the riots of July, 1863. The counsel for the city moved to dismiss the case because the goods were carted away and not destroyed during the riot. The jury returned a verdict for plaintiff in \$800. tiff in \$800.

The motion to discharge Brown, alias Browe, charged with being associated with Henry B. Jenkins, the alleged Phœnix Bank defaulter, which was to have been made before Recorder Hoffman yesterday, was postponed.

An entertainment was given last night to Sir Morton Peto, his fellow capitalist, and other gentlemen of prominena, by Mr. Kennard, Superintendent Atlantic and Great Western Railroad, at his resipence, Glenn Cove, Long Island.

Major General M'Clellan is expected to arrive in this city from Europe in about

three weeks. Later from Europe--Arrival of the Nova Scotia.

FARTHER POINT, October 15.—The steamer Nova Scotia, from Liverpool at 2:30 P. M. of the 5th, and Londonderry the 6th, passed decided majority.

But little opposition was shown to altering the third article of the constitution permitting Confederate officers to become eligible to office in that State.

Inspoint this afternoon.

The steamers Teutonia, City of Dublin and City of New York, from New York, ann Hibernia, from Quebec, arrived out on the 3d inst.

The steamer America, from New York, arrived at Seathermore, and the Atherican control of the constitution permitting Confederate officers to become eligible to office in that State.

arrived at Southampton on the 4th.

A meeting had been called at London, of persons interested in such of the old American securities as have been in arrears pre-viouly to or in consequence of the war, with a view of forming a committee.

FARTHER POINT, Oct. 15 .- The Nova Scotian has arrived with Liverpool advices of the 5th and Londonderry the 6th. Liverpool, Oct. 6.—The cotton market opened excited at an advance of 3d, but became irregular under an advance in the the occupants of three seats on each side to the ground, and they were run over by the wheels of the rear cars. Eight persons were killed outright, and another died some hours after.

The following is a list of the killed by the accident yesterday on the Pennsylvania Central railroad near this place:

Mrs. S. Barr, wife of J. P. Barr, of Pittsburgh; Sarah Millett, of New Cumberland, Pa.; Chas. Butler and wife, of Lewistown, Pa.; W. H. Butler, Clerk in Surveyor General's office of Pa.; J. F. Uttera, or Quetta, of Milwaukee; one lady, unknown; two girls, one eleven years old, unknown.

From South Carolina-Negro Disturbances-Ex-Governor Aiken a Candidate

for Congress. NEW YORK, October 15.—The Herald's Charleston correspondent says there is trouble on the coast between the whites and blacks. General Bennett yesterday sent a olicks. General Bennett yesterday sent a force of 150 picked men to quell the disturbance, which threatened to become serious. The freedmen are reported well armed. The whites who went up Ashley river for the purpose of bringing wood to the city, when about twenty miles distant, were seized at one of the landings by four blacks, each armed with rifles, and their boats taken from them, after which they were stripped of their clothing and compelled to travel to the city on foot, arriving there in state of starvation.

Maj. Gen. Devins and staff and Maj. Gen. Seymour arrived here Monday morning. A counsel was held with Gen. Bernel, at which measures were adopted to prevent further disturbances in the interior. Hon, W. Aiken has consented to become a candidate for Congress from this district.
The South Carolina Railroad is completed to within twelve miles of Columbia.

Sale of Government Vessels -- South Carolina Delegation. Washington, October 15.—The Navy Department will close out its sales of steam-

ers and vessels by disposing of thirty-two at public auction in New York on the 25th inst. They will be sold to the highest bidder without reserve. A larger number of vessels have been sold here than elsewhere above the usual value of Government in-

spectors.
The South Carolina delegation have no had the decided second interview with the President, who was too much occupied to again receive them. Chief Justice Chase has returned.

Gen. Hancock at Gettysburg. NEW YORK, Oct. 15 .- The Herald's Wash-NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—The Herald's Washington special says that Maj. Gen. Hancock, accompanied by several members of his staff, has just returned from a three days' visit to Gettysburg, whither he went for the purpose of going over the ground rendered memorable by the conflict in which the General himself took a prominent part. He and his party went over the field systematically, commencing where the first days' battle began, and proceeded on

PETROLEUM.

battle.

# GLASGOW IS JUST OUT, AND AGENTS CAN SOLICIT WITH SAMPLE. It is the WAR COMPLETE in one Octavo Vol ume of about 500 large and closely printed pages, libustrated by forty fine steel plates, beside maps. Forty thousand copies are aircady e gaged, and by prospectus al ne. Mul. itudes are now waiting for just such as book. It will be by months the earliest One Volume War History issued, and is the cheapest of any proposed. Prices, \$6.60 and \$5.50. For terms write HENRY HOWE, PEROLBUM COMPANY

Incorporated by an act of the Legislature, March, 1865.

OFFICERS: GEN. J. T. BOYLE, President. W. A. KLIESSENDORFF, Secretary. H. W. WILKES, Treasurer.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$400,000! Divided into 40,000 Shares of \$10 Each!

THE PROPERTY OF THIS COMPANY CONSISTS and insecon acres, situated on Boyd's creek, Steege's creek and Peters creek, and it the flowed late vicinity of our yi-ding wells of very sun ror oil, and the comove wells that have just compensed operations.

There are five tracts, embracing as yen hundred and six acres, situated in his caffe county, on Dry yerk of South Fork of Little Buren iver, in the vicinity of a well now undergoing the process of boing.

This is no sidered as No. 1 territory.

The well of this company is located on Boyd's creek, a short destance above those yielding well. Thy are now boring, and have already gone a considerable depth, and have me with very flattering indications for a good well of oil.

have me with very lattering influentions for a good went of oil.

Judge 6i. ter and Mr. J. E. Redding, of Glasgow, both directors, will give the operations of the company their constant attention.

There are a limited number of shares of stock of this company for sale at the low figure of Two Dollars per share, par value being Ten Dollars, and purchasers are not liable to further assessment.

SF Parties desiring to purchase can do so upon application to the Secretary, at the office of J. T. Boyle, No. 7. Familton Building, where maps of the territory of this Company can be seen, and any further inf rimation regarding the affairs of the company given.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 15.—Col. Forney's newspaper, the Press, appears to-morrow enlarged to the size and form of the New York dailies,

BECOMS—25 doesn Shaker Brooms. 50 doesn Flain and fancy Brooms. A. H. & W. O. GARDERE.

C. L. RAD WAY & CO., CLAIM A GENTS.

A DJUST AND SETTLE ALL OFFICERS', QUARTER A tract Surgeons', Medical Returns and Accounts, and Claims growing out of the present War of the Rebet master or Commississary purposes, as well as every oth All business before the General Land Office duly atten as attractery references given in Grand Commission of Claims, prepared state of Commission of Commission of Claims, prepared state of Commission o MASTERS', ORDNANCE, COMMISSARY, ARMY CG Procure Certificates of Non-Indebtedness', with despate lion; for the seizure of supplies by the Army, for Quarte er kind of Claims, prepared and collected, ded to, and money advanced on officer's pay accounts.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

7

PIANOS,

MELODEONS

At Reduced Prices.

AS I AM PREPARING TO REMOVE TO MYNEW Stores, Nos. 92 and 94, south side of Jefferson street, bet. Third and Fourth, I will for the next ten days sell my rresent stock of Planes, Cabinet Organs and Melodeons at VERY LOW PRICES. Now is the time for good bar-

LOUIS TRIPP.

321 Fourth St., Louisville, Ky.

matri

150 Splendid Pianos and Organs

Steinway, Chickering, Gabler and

Others,

FOR SALE AT VERY LOW PRICES BY D. P. FAULDS,

70 (late 223) Main, bet Second & Third.

JOB WORK.

PRINTING & BINDING

CIVILL & CALVER'S

Publishers, Printers, Stationers, Binders & Ringk Rook Manufacturers.

431 Main Street, bet, Fourth and Fifth

150 bbls crushed, granulated and powdered Sugar; 100 bbls A. and B. Coffee Sugar; 100 bbls C. yellow Sugar; 50 hhds Porto Mico Sugar;

n store and for sale by H. BURKHARDT, e23-tf 180 Main, bet. Fifth and Sixth street

JEWELRY.

Watchmaker

AND

JEWELLER,

No. 233 Main Street, one door above Third, LOUISVILLE, KY.

MILITARY GOODS, AS SWORDS, SABBES, PI2-tols, Military Trimmings, &c.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELIEV and MILITARY GOODS. My store having been shut for several days on account of repairing damages by fire, is now open again for transaction of business. I have on hand a large stock of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, of the best quality; also a full assortment of MILITARY GOODS, which I offer a reduced prices. Some elightly damaged jewelry and plated will be sold cheap, regardless of cost. Personal attention paid to repairing watches.

BOOK TRADE.

BOOK AGENTS ALL! LOOK HERE!

KETTELL'S

**NEW AND REVISED HISTORY** 

AMERICAN REBELLION!

ocll-d&w2w No. 111 Main street, Cincinnati, O

THE BOOK TRADE.

NEW BOOKS

New Supplies.

AUTOCRAT OF THE BREAKFAST TABLE. (Bh

REVERIES OF A BACHELOR. (In vellum.)

POCKET MAP OF THE SOUTHERN STATES.

CIVILL & CALVERT.

c4-tf 431 MAIN STREET, bct, Fourth and Fifth

MEDICAL.

A SURE PREVENTIVE

CHIEL I

CUBAN PICTURES.

SQUIBOB PAPERS.

WEST ON CHILDREN.

DREAM LIFE. (In vellum.)

POCKET MAP OF KENTUCKY.

POCKET MAP OF TENNESSEE.

and gold.)

ARTEMUS WARD. (New volume.)

ENOCH ARDEN. (Blue and gold.)

HESPERUS OF J. PAUL RICHTER.

MARGARET AND HER BRIDESMAID

J. J. HIRSCHBUHL,

(Late TRIPP & CRAGG,)

WORKS.

LOUISVILLE CARBON AND COAL OIL WORKS Corner of Sixteenth and High Streets.

CLAIM ACENCY.

ESTABLIS HED 1861. WAND SHE JOE & CO.

OFFICE-BULLITT STREET, BE TWEEN MAIN AND RIVER. ARE PREPARED TO SUPPLY THE TRADE WITH A SUPERIOR QUALITY OF REFINED OIL IN troleum. Persons having

CRUDE PE TROLEUM THREE HUNDRED BARRELS PER DAY f the trade should require it. Lubricating oil and Benzine always on hand.

HARDWARE.

JOHN C. NAUTS. WM. C. REAMER

NAUTS & REAMER

NO. 234,

N. S. Main Street, bet. Sixth and Seventh, Louisvilla Ky.

AGENTS FOR THE New Albany Rolling Mill PIANOS AND ORGANS AND DEALERS IN

Iron, Nails, Steels, Spikes, Rivets. Springs, Nuts, Washers, Axles and Bolts.

"Brinly" Plow Plates! BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS!

Best Pittsburg Coal, (Elther barrels, hogsheads, or by the car load.)

OF EVERY DISCRIPTION DONE IN THE NEATEST THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID

MERCHANTS AND OTHERS Wrought and Cast Iron Scrap. Requiring any description of Printing or Binding Caplease give us a call.

Orders from abroad will be attended to with the same attention, promptness and prices as if parties value. G. BAURMANN

> FOREIGN & DONESTIC HARDWARE, CUTLERY AND GERMAN GOODS. GUNS AND PISTOLS.

As. 433 Maia Street between Sixth and Sevent

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

LOUISVILLE, KV.

NOTICES. TA CB TE TE CE THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM A their patrons and customers that they have sold out their entire stock of clothing and furnishing goods to M. sers. Harris, Nahm & to enau, who will beneforth occupy their store on the northwest corner of Fifth and

Main streets,
Our scalor partner Mr. Chas. Lichten, will keep his office until further notice at the old place for the purpose of settling up the affairs of our concern and to collect the debts due us. He will also attend to all affairs concerning the former firm of Lichten, Lowenthal & Co, as hereore.

Grateful in the highest degree for the patronage so long received from our friends and customers, we would now recommend our successors to your favor and patronage.

Our wholesale clothing establishment in the city of New York is located on Nos 93 and 95 Franklin street, where we will be glad to receive the call of our friends.

C. LICHTEN & CO., CHAS. LICHTEN, HENRY OBERNDORFES.

Louisville, Ky., September 11, 1865.

H. HARRIS.

L. NAHM.

HARRIS, NAHM & ROSENAU, Manufacturers and wholesale dealers in CLOTHING, GENTS' FURNISHING AND

TAILORING GOODS, TRIMMINGS, co

N. W. cor, Main and Fifth Sts., LOUISVILLE, KY. DEFERRING TO THE ABOVE NOTICE OF MESSRS.

C. Lichten & Co., we beg to inform their and our friends, and the trade in general, that we constantly keep on hand a full supply of Clothing, Furnishing and Tailoring Goods, Trimmings, etc., all of which we are determined to self at wholesale at THE VERY LOWEST MARKET PELES.

Purchasers will do well by examining our stock before buying elsewh re.

HABRIS, NAHM & RUSENAU,

N. W. corner Main and Fifth streets, Louisville, Kr. self-lim

MACHINERY. OIL WELL MACHINERY.

AINSLIE, COCHRAN & CO,. Louisville Foundery and Machine Shop,

Corner of Main and Tenth Streets, LOUISVILLE, KY., Manufacture and keep constantly on hand

Portable and Stationary Steam Engines. oil Well Tools and Rig complete, Cordage and Belting, Bellows and Smith-Shop Tools, oll Well Tubing, Gil Pumps, &c.

We have the sole right for this city to manufacture Bolle's Patent Flush-Joint Cast Iron Driving-Pipe.

We have arrangements with parties who are fully com-petent, to erect the machinery, drill the wells and repair the tools, so that we can fu nish any party with such men at moderate wages. All information given and orders promptly attended to.

Schroeder's Cocktail and Stomach Bitters.

SCHROEDER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

Owing to the continued high prices of incomplete to charts from the date sity per case.

Owing to the continued high prices of incomplete to charts from the date sity per case.

J. H. ROBROEDER & SOURCE A SOURCE ASSESSMENT OF THE CONTINUED HIGH PRICES OF INCOMPLETE ASSESSMENT OF THE CONTINUED HIGH PRICES OF THE C

The Boldest Burglary on Record.

Adams Express Company Robbed of \$4,000.

#### Conclusion of the Trial of-Wirz.

WASHINGTON, October 14 .- The Wirz Military Commission reassembled to-day. Judge Advocate Chipman made some re-marks exculpating Dr. Mudd from the charges made against him by witness Dilby yesterday, that he (Mudd), in two instances, elieved his thumbs from the arteries of relieved his thumbs from the arteries or prisoners, so as to allow the blood to spirt in the face of the doctor assisting him, and and laughed at it as if it was something funny. It was not his (Chipman's) intention, nor that of the Court, to attach blame

improperly to anybody.

Col. Chipman then offered in evidence the

Col. Chipman then offered in evidence the consolidated returns of the Andersonville prison, dated September 11, 1864, with the view of removing the idea that Wirz was absent during that month.

J. Wellington, 42d New York vols., testified that he was a prisoner both at Beile Isle and Andersonville. The latter was better than the former. The prisoners carried with him from Belle Isle were sick and some died on the way. The rations at Ansome died on the way. The rations at Andersonville became smaller as the number of prisoners increased. The bread was bad and burned on the outside, and raw within; prisoners sometimes ate it and some threw it away. The camp was improved after he arrived; for two or three month were using pine boughs. There was a general count of the prisoners; after the prisoners on the north side had been counted they were dismissed to their quarters, but instead of proceeding thither they went to the south side. The consequence was that the rations were stopped till the count could be fixed correctly; otherwise from 1703 to 2000 more rations would be required. Capt. Wirz said to those who spoke to him on the subject: "You know why I stopped the rations, I was obliged to do it." Some of the prisoners had a small supply of rations from the

day before,
Witness never heard of Wirz assaulting
the prisoners—Wirz appealed to the prisonto help enlarge the blockade so as to ers to help enlarge the blockade so as to give them ten instead of four. During the proceedings Mr. Baker made

some remarks, to which Col. Chipman replied that the counsel had assumed as facts that which was not true. Mr. Baker said that if the truth did not show the facts as he had stated them, he would not ask another question. Col. Chipman said the burden was on the counsel to show it. Mr. Baker said the Government had refused to sub-poena Mr. Bowles. Col. Chipman said that Gen. Wallace here interposed, and said

his controversy must cease.

Mr. Baker—I ask the Court— Gen. Wallace-The explanation has gone

Mr. Baker-I will not have a statemen made that is wrong, and not be allowed to

Gen. Wallace-Take your seat. Mr. Baker-Is it right to ask the Court a Gen. Wallace—Obey the order of the

Court, and take your seat, or we will have you taken out of the Court. Mr. Baker resumed hir seat. Mr. Baker-I must ask the Court a ques

Gen. Wallace—Ask the question of the Mr. Baker-I will correct the statement

Col. Chipman-I will meet you on any occasion, and at any place.

Mr. Baker—I do not want to meet you outside. I will correct the statement outside. You said what was not true. This not be telerated. Gen. Wallace to Mr. Baker-Your course

is becoming intolerable. Do you wish to proceed with the case? Mr. Baker-If I am allowed the same privilege that the Government is. General Wallace—You have been ordered to go on with the examination of the wit-

Mr. Baker-I do not disobey the order of Romeo, Madison.

the Court. The breeze here subsided, and the Commission was resumed.

Mr. Baker said he wanted to show that
Winder and Wirz were not guilty of con-

The Court sustained Col. Chipman's ob-

Mr. Baker then offered in evidence a copy of the proceedings and sentence of the court-martial which tried the raiders, and which were approved by General Winder. It was not in his power to produce the riginals, which were lost or destroyed.

This record would remove much of the blame which had been cast upon Winder, and was altogether favorable to the de-Col, Chipman objected, and the Court sus-

tained the objection.
Col. Chipman here rested the case for the

prosecution, and said that the Court had never decided that the witnesses Lee, Johnston, and Cobb could not be brought here. Mr. Baker said that whatever had passed ere of a personal nature he would let it go. He would not here or outside again refer to it. The Judge Advocate had personally treated him with kindness, but had treated he case of the defendant rather roughly. He then rested the case for the prisoner.

The Court said both sides have rested.

Mr. Baker is to sum up in behalf of the prisoner, and the Judge Advocate for the prosecution. Both arguments are to be in in writing. The Court adjourned until Wednesday, to give the counsel time to prepare the argument,
New York, Oct. 14.—New Orleans papers
of the 7th inst, have the following items:

Brig. Gen. Baird, who supersedes Mr. Conway at New Orleans in the management of the freedmen's bureau, received his appointment from the President himself, and not from Gen. Howard. The fact in this connection is quite important.

At Jefferson taxes come in briskly. The Shreveport Southwestern, of the 27th ult., says the receipts of cotton for a few days previous had been light, owing to the exorbitant price of freight in New Orleans. A Shreveport paper of the 27th ult. reports

a heavy rise above the raft and a prospect for plenty of water from Jefferson down.

The military order closing of the Alabama churches is still enforced. A Mobile correspondent, under date of October 1st, states:

"Although Rev. Mitchell, Rector of the Episcopal Church, in this city, base been in the copal Church in this city, has been in the habit of praying for the President of the United States, there is no service in this church to-day It is hoped Bishop Wilmer will rescind his instructions or a general Convention of the Episcopal Church South will be assembled to take action on this and

other matters. Gov. Wells has written a letter accepting the Democratic nomination for Governor. He says: I am happy to perceive in the resolutions adopted by the convention a full, free, and frank recognition of the defull, free, and frank recognition of the de-claration on our part, in the declaration to the effect that the people of Louisiana ac-cept the settlement of the question involved in the late struggle; that we have renewed our allegiance in good faith, and intend to render our honest support to the Constitu-tion and Union of the States. Those, under President Johnson, ask more from us, The correspondent of the Bulletin says that the war is over, and Mr. Moore accepts the situation in sincerity, believing it to be

that the war is over, and Mr. Moore accepts the situation in sincerity, believing it to be his duty to labor wholly to restore order and good government. In appointing him private secretary, Gov. Hamilton pays a just compliment to Mr. Moore, well known for his honesty and character, and one that is now appreciated more than would be by

his appointment to a more prominent po CAIRO, Oct. 14.—The court for the trial of Emerson Etheridge held no session in Go-lumbus, Ky. Mr. Etheridge stated that he hed no objection to any member of the court who wished him to act as his own counsel. He asked the court to grant him ne to file his plea against the jurisdiction of the court, etc.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—The Postmaster

any time during the year of as needed, and the broker is thereby subjected to the liability of a commercial broker, the new license should be granted from the first day of the month in which the liability thereto occurred, should be issued on the payment of the rate proportionably with the annual cost of such license.

Gov. Pierront of Virginia, was at the

Gov. Pierpont, of Virginia, was at the White House this morning to consult with the President in relation to affairs in Vir-Information has been received at the reedmen's Bureau from the chief medical officer in charge of the freedmen Alabama that the small-pox is raging all through

that the small-pox is raging an through that State, and although every precaution has been taken to prevent its spreading new cases are reported daily. Brevet Brig. Gen. A. G. McCook was to-day appointed by the President an assessor of internal revenue for the 17th district of

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Commissioner Carl Schurz has returned from the South, hav-ing completed his mission. A number of Southern mail routes are ordered to be

opened to-day.

A dispatch from Raleigh says it is proba ble that the North Carolina Convention will finish its business to-day.

The Tribune's special dispatch from Des

The Tribune's special dispatch from Des Moines, Iowa, to-day, says the majority for Gov. Stone, who boldly advocated negro suffrage, will be 1,500.

The steamer D. H. Mount, from Jackson-ville, Fla., the 9th inst., has arrived here. The Union contradicts the report of the prevalence of yellow fever in that city.

Judge J. J. Long, in accepting the nomination of the State Convention, urges the acceptance of the situation letting by-gones. acceptance of the situation, letting by-gones be by-gones, and the Union in future be

The steamer Grenada, from Charleston S. C., the 11th inst., has arrived. NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—The Fenians of this city held a meeting last evening. The Center of the Circle opened the meeting. He remarked that while the English in Ireland were gloating over the capture of a few revolutionary literature could store. revolutionary literateurs and stray countrymen in Ireland, the Fenians were every-where working quietly. Those who deem the recent bluster a symptom of check to the latter, very poorly understand the poli-cy of the Government. The State Center of the District made a statement of the case against England. Further speeches were made, a large number of recruits obtained, delegates to Congress elected, and the meeting adjourned about 10 o'clock. A meeting of Emmet Circle was also held last

evening.
Admiral Farragut gave an entertainmen on Thursday morning. Thurlow Weed and a number of distinguished persons were

The clerk who absconded with \$3,000 from the office of the Erie Railroad some time since was arrested in New Orleans. The Times' Washington special says: One of the boldest burglaries on record was perpetrated in Georgetown early this morning. The Adams Express Company was entered by the back door, opened in a scientific manner by professional burglars. The door of the safe was drilled into, and then blown off its hinges and into a dozen pieces, the concussion shattering the glass of three large front windows into a thouof three large front windows into a thousand pieces, waking the people in the neighborhood, but before the people or the police got on the ground the burglars were off with their booty, four thousand dollars. The gas was left burning. The young man whose business it was to stop in the office was absent in the country.

The receips of internal revenue are \$724.

The World's special says the regular cabinet session to-day lasted but a few minutes. Secretary Seward, McCulloch and Speed absent.

### REDVELL NAA'I'I'EEE'S.

ARRIVALS. SATURDAY, October 13.

Rose Hite, Henderson. Leonidas, St. Louis. Phantom, Memphis. Fanny Brandeis, Mobile. DEPARTURES.

ARRIVALS. SUNDAY, October 14.

Wild Wagoner, Cincinnati.
Aunie Laurie, Argosy, Vevay.
Nick Longworth, Havana, St. Louis. DEPARTURES.

Wild Wagoner, Cincinnati. Nick Longworth, Cincin. Leonidas, THE RIVER continues to fall steadily with only three feet three inches water in the canal last evening by the mark. During the previous forty-eight hours it had fallen three inches at the head of the falls, and nine inches at Portland. The weather was cloudy and disagreeable Saturday, and quite wintry yesterday.

At Pittsburg the river was still falling Saturday, with only two feet water in the channel.

The river is now at a much lower stage than at any previous time for over two years, with only three and a half feet water on Rising Sun bar, below Cincinnati, and the passage difficult to navigate. In the Lower Ohio but barely four feet

water was reported by the Rose Hite on Saturday, and the river still falling. The Portland and New Albany bar has become very troublesome, and all the boats

rub going out or coming in. Saturday the Mollie Hamilton, with a barge in tow, bound South, grounded on the bar, and was still hard aground yesterday. The barge was aground, and efforts were being made to spar it off.

Quite a number of boats due Saturday have not arrived, and we expect they have

been detained by getting aground.

RISE IN THE CUMBERLAND.—Saturday morning early dispatches were received from Nashville, reporting a rise of two feet in the Cumberland at that point, and before noon Captain Pink Varble was in receipt of a dispatch announcing a rise of receipt of a dispatch announcing a rise of four feet water in the river at Nashville. That would make a fair stage on the shoals -over five feet-the first good news from that quarter for some time, and if it is fol-lowed by a head rise, the full resumption of navigation in the Cumberlend may be A rise may reasonably be looked for in

the Kanawha and Monongahela and a resumption of good navigation in the upper Ohio. A fair stage of water in the Cumberland will cause the resumption of navigation to

that quarter. We learn that an effort has been made to raise the Charlie Miller, sunk in the Cum-berland, near Nashville, but the rise in the

river may delay operations.

The Bermuda may soon be looked for to be plying in the Cumberland river trade. The R. K. Dunkerson was due from Evansville yesterday. She is the Monday packet, and starts at 5 o'clock from the Portland wharf. She is a good light draught boat, and can get over the sand bars with-

out much delay or trouble.

The Clifton, from Memphis, passed Cairo on Friday bound for Cincinnati.

The St. Louis built steamer Magnolia was at Cairo on the 13th in a crippied condition again. On the 9th she broke the head of the larboard cylinder, causing both heads of the cylinder to be broken out, scalding and otherwise badly injuring George Justice, a member of the 125th Ohio, who happened to

be passing at the moment. Better come to Louisville and build your boats and good machinery.

The Pink Varble started to Eastport, Ten-

nessee river, Saturday, with a good trip of freight. That stream is reported very low and falling, but the Pink Varble can get

along.
The Fanny, Brandies has returned from The Fanny, Brandles has returned from her venture to Mobile and the waters of Alabama, as neither the climate, water nor business suited her constitution. Most all of the hind wheel pliers have abandoned that trade. Freights declined from \$25.00 per bale, down to \$10.50 per bale for cotton, and wilds are no longer attracted to the Alagorial of the Alagorian of pilots are no longer attracted to the Alabama by inducements in the way of five thousand dollars per month. The Countess, Libby and Effic Deans are on the way up

Orleans when the Fanny Brandis left. The

Washington, Oct. 14.—The Postmaster General has ordered the mail service to be resued from Savannah to Macon and intermediate points on the Central railroad. This puts Milledgeville in communication with all the principal cities.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue ruled to-day that when sales of produce brokers exceed the annual value of \$1000 at any time during the year of his license, and the broker is thereby subjected to the liability of a commercial broker, the new up at Rising Sun bar in company with the

from Henderson till late, having been de-tained on the down trip by fog. She re-turned with the mail Saturday night, and was full of passengers.
The Liberty No 2 cleared for Memphis
Saturday evening full of people, but she
did not take out much freight owing to the

ow stage of water.
The Indiana, hence for New Orleans, ssed Memphis on Tuesday full of pas-

The St. Nicholas is the fast People's Line acket for Cincinnati and the East at noor o-day.

The Major Anderson is the regular morn-

ing line mail and passenger packet for Cincinnati to-day. She starts at noon.

Business at St. Louis Friday was dull, the river falling, together with considerable with ble rain.

Emigration is still westward, as will be seen by the following, from the St. Louis Democrat: "The Jennie Lewis sailed for the Missouri. Among her passengers are fifteen families from the East, bound to sales of flour barrels, in large lots, at 60c.

Bars on steamers furnished prompt ly with all the requisites (from a corkscrew to a bottle of champagne) and on reasonable terms, by J. H. SCHROEDER & SONS, Cor. Main and Fourth sts

#### IMPORTS BY THE RIVER.

CINCINNATI, PER WILD WAGONES—10 bxs oys. crs Englehardt; 13 bbls liquor McFarren & M; 100 bxs candles; 25 bags coffee Moore B & Co; 15 bags coffee 25 kg, nails Sn; der & Co; 2 bbls turpentine B & Co; 15 bags coffee 25 kg, nails Sn; der & Co; 2 bbls turpentine B & Co; 16 bags coffee 25 kg, nails Sn; der & Co; 2 bbls vinego B H & W O Gardief Co; 16 bbls vinego B H & W O Gardief Co; 10 bbls vinego B H & W O Gardief Co; 16 bbls vinego B H & W O Gardief Co; 16 bbls vinego B & Co; 10 do cheese Co; 16 bbls vinego B & Co; 10 do cheese Co; 16 bbls vinego; 16 bb

& P; 9 pkgs owners.

CINCINNATI, PER MAJOR ANDERSON-4 kerrivets 4 b heads J Mitchell, 17 carboys drugs Chambers co; 25 bags coffee O'Bannor; 20 bdls e irons B &co; thids Schrodor & W, 160 pkgs Adams express company; blids sugar Glazebrook & Bro; 10 bbls apples Tait Soude &co; 6 to r sin 39 pkgs Sheerer &co; 12 L A axles Eclip Line; 25 bags corn meal Lou City E k; 15 do coffee Snyd &co; 25 bbis pi ch 100 rods paper 1 pan Pyne H & Co; k — 8 butter A Cooper; 30 bbls sugar G W Morris; 15 bg; k — 8 butter A Cooper; 30 bbls sugar G W Morris; 15 bg; kgs mdss 3s do furniture 37 do mdss and toys owners.

CINCINNATI, PER BOSTON-120 express package. pkgs mdse 3s do furniture 37 do mdse and toys owners. C1NGINNATI, PER BOSTON-120 express package Adams ex co; 10 bls wadding Ulman & c; 10 boxes bace Tait Eon &co; 78 bags coffee S R &co; 8 boxes in H &c 20 pkgs drugs Wilder &co; 197 pks 4 O Buckles; 10 barre apples A M; 10 kegs nail- A H & W O Gardner; 8 coi rope D B Son; 20 bags coffee T Crane &co; 25 boxes chee Tait Son &co; 30 bbbs flour Smith & Bro; 25 do whish Senrodt & W; 25 do oil Montgomery & Co; 32 pkgs L & R R; 30 bbls Christy &co; 6 bbds tobacco Bonald & Br 100 bbls flour 100 bagf bran Brand; is &co; 330 pkgs E & bbinson; 78 do owner.

MADI ON PER ROMEO-46 bags rags 13 pks Moor to; 100 t-bls flour 45 bxs soap Snyder &co; 33 bales cc; 100 bbls flour 45 bxs soap Snyder &cc; 33 bales ha erhoff Bre; 73 bags meal Jefferson & Bre; 50,000 shingle ausiggan; 212 bbls flour; J Loufflu; 50 bxs stur h A' upont &cc; 50 bags bran 11 do ship tuffs R H Robin no; 60 bbls flour Hibbutt & Son; 16 bags oats 12 bb's pota es 50 bales hay Colston & Son, 47 bags oats J blder; 5 xs starch Moore B &cc; 59 bb, 8 lime S C Rucker; 70 d our Stimmell &cc; 50 do lime Bondurunt &cc; 75 pk xners.

wners.
CINCINNATI, PEB NIOK LONGWORTH—314 pkg
S Robinson; 16 lbls cil, R A Robinson &cc; 3 coils roj
enedict & Soc; 42 bags coffee Glazebrook Bro &cc; can
şsters 6 bbls fish Wn Sowders; 169 bxs starch Vallar
ingham 200 bbls flour Braudeis &cc; 40 pkgs owner.

ingham 200 bbls flour Brandeis &cc; 40 pkgs owner.
PITTSBUEG, PER GLEANER—70 bbls flous Smith i ro; 60 bxs axes Neal & N; 59 bbls sugar Terry & Smith; 5 ag meal 21 do oats Lou City R R; 20 bbls sugar 40 empt; ggs Hutchings D &cc; 29 pkgs Smith; 2" bbls plaste sendurant &cc; 25 do apples H J M; 514 express rackage dams express company; 1036 bdls paper; 200 doz bucket; 2" tbls o Rawson; 137 pkgs Godshaw &cc; 85 kgs naid; 1,7 do P Mickle; 36 bdls shoves J H Thomas &cc; 60 de boards Bradley & G; 21 do nron J Pearce; 50 bbls whisky cilivain & Son; 204 pkgs owners. VEVAY, PER ALGOSY-800 bales hay Verhoff & Bro.

### COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE UNION PRESS, SATURDAY EVENING, October 14, 1865.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

Early in the week there were heavy sales of breadstuffe hiefly for the Southern market, including over 3000 bbls lour taken on Monday and Tuesday; also a sale of 10.0 bbls good superfine for Apalachicola, Florida, via New Orleans. The stocks on hand are rather light, with a steady home, as well as export demand, and prices are fully maintained at an advance on last week's quota-An article of commerce being rapidly introduced in

kind of molasses made from corn-stalks. A lot of clear, fine quality sold Wednesday at 75c per gallon.
The receipts of cotton by rail and rivar are increasing

with advices received by several merchants, that suffi-cient quantities have been shipped to them to make their average daily receipts exceed one hundred bales. The market was rather drooping Wednesday, with only limited sales of middling at 51c, but it has been steadily ad-Manufactured goods are higher, as will be seen by our

uotations, with an increasing demand for Southern eetings for the Eastern market, and we notice the sale and shipment of 75 bales Georgia sheetings to Philadel-

There has been a fair jobbing trade all the week. in pretty much all departments, and the market is fully sustained for all the leading articles of trade. Low water, high freights, and a falling off in the supplies, has he usual tendency of enhancing prices. The market for leaf tobacco, however, was rather dull to-day, owing chiefly to the fact that most of the sales were either low grades or old stock, and rejections that had been held over a long time, and were a little funky. The close of the season has been unusually propitious, with hardly frost enough to sweeten the leaf before housing. The most of the tobacco in the State has been cut and housed, and the new crop will soon make its app arance in the market in fair quantiti s.

As regards the approaching hog season, we hear of no sales or contracts, the packers not being willing to enter the market at the prevailing rates. The : umber of hogs is apparently small in this State and Indiana, but we learn that vast numbers of stock hogs are in the States of Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia, and Mississippi. The c'imate, however, is not suitable there for packing pur-poses. High prices have induced many farmers in Illi-nois, particularly, also in Indiana and Ohio, to send their young hogs to market, thus lessening their stock for winter feeding. The stocks of old bacon are also very points in the Northwest, it appears that no contracts have been made at 65 places, while at the other points contracts had been made at 8, 9, and 10 cents for early delivery.

Transactions in the grocery and produce market today were light, but prices of the former were fully sustained. Good green apples find ready sale at \$506 per bbl for selected, while large lots are dull at \$304. Pota-toes and onions, in round lots, are dull at \$3, with small les at \$3 25.

We hear of a contract for 4000 bushels new corn, to be delivered, at 40c per bushel, which is the prevailing rate in the interior. Considering the depreciation of the currency and the scarcity of labor, this is a low figure. The farmers are daily coming to market with supplies of new corn, in wagons, which is freely offered at 60c per bushel. Old corn is dull at quotations.

In New York gold and stocks have been daily fluctuat-

ing, though more steady to-day, the prevailing rates of gold being 144%. The quotations for stocks in that ci y were as follows: 

The money market is working close, with active de

mand, and an excess of Eastern exchange, with	cu raic
at about par, though sales have been made at	% dis
count. We quote as follows:	
Buying.	Selling
Gold144	145
Silver134	136
Kentucky Banksl dis.	******
Indiana and Ohiol dis.	******
Eastern dis.	
State Bank Tennessee 20	25
State Bank Tennessee	46
Planters' Bank, Tenn 43	
Planters' Bank, Tenn	50
Virginia and North Carolina 20	25
Marine Bank, Georgia 40	
Georgia Railroad and Banking Co 55	
Georgia Lamoad and Danking Co	
Southern Bank, Alabama 50	******
Kastern Exchange 1-10	par !
5-20 Coupons142	*****
5-20 Bonds, Old.,106	1075
Government Vouchers 1902 dig.	
	94
10-40 Bonds 98	
7-30 Bonds 99%	par
5-20 Bonds, New104	105

rade, unless otherwise stated. Retail and jobbing sales are at an advance on these rates.]

BAGGING AND ROPE—Scarce, with a saly of 10 eces power loom bagging at 29c; small lots at 291/2c; a lot of 100 coils machine rope at 15c, and 145 coils, in lots, at 15½@15½c. Also sales of bagging during the week at 28c, and rope at 14½c. Baling Twine 23@25c; sewing,

up at Rising Sun bar in company with the Alice Dean.

The Rose Hite did not get in Saturday from Henderson till late baying bearing the saturday from Henderson till late baying the saturday from Henderso Butter, 40@45c, in boxes or firkins; choice, 48@50c. Boeswax buying at 38@39c. Brooms, common, \$4 00@5 00; best Shaker \$6 25@6 35 \$ doz; Best Louisville \$5 75 per dozen. Cheese, Western Reserve scarce at 19c, and 20c for selected, all at nett weights. Hamburg 20%c. New York Dairy cheese 20@21 cents. Feathers dull, an buyers are paying 70@80c. Flaxseed buying at \$2.00 Ginsen buying at 65@70c. Beans nominal at \$1 25 for white. New potatoes in lots \$2.75@3 00. Onlons in lots to dealers at \$2.75; small sales at \$3.25 per bbl. Eggs we uote at 25@27c per dozen for fresh packed. COTTON AND COTTON YARNS—There was an ac

ive inquiry for cotton yesterday, with a sale of 10 bales Ar-cansas at 50½c; sales of 50 bales low m'ddling at 52c., and small lot also at 52c; a sale of middling at 53c. fales aday at 52@53c. Cotton yarns very firm with sales of No. 500 at 41c, in lots, No. 600 at 38c, and No. 700 at 25c per dozen. Small sales at 1c advance CANDLES AND SOAP-We note considerable sales

manufacturers of 14 oz star candles at 27c. Sales of 13 ez at 25c, with no charge for boxes, in lots of 50 boxes or more; small sales at 25½c. Tallow candles at 18@19c German s ap—No. 1 at 14c and No. 2 at 13c; common 12c

Carroll county, Mo, where they will found their new homes. The immigration is constantly increasing. The Lewis has started up on a bad river. Missouri river freights increased yesterday morning from one dollar to one dollar and twenty-five contents for 100 rounds to Leavenworth and sealing of the property of the sealing of the property of the sealing of the property of the sealing of the seali cents per 100 pounds to Leavenworth and and quality; Cottonades 30@70c; Prints, standard, 28@30c; all way points."

Bars on steamers furnished promptDomestic Ginghams 31@35c; DeDaines 37½c; Corset Jeans 30@42½c; Kentucky Jean; 35@90c; Brown Drills 36@3c; Twilled Silesias 47½@50c; Paper Cambrics 30@33c; Colored c; Spool Cotton \$1 per dozen.

FLOUR AND GRAIN-We quote a sale of 100 bble superfine at \$8; sale of 800 bbls at \$8@12 50 for superfine and fancy brands; sales of 195 bbls plain extra at \$9 2006 975, and sales of 250 bbls extra family at \$10 50@107, while dray-load lots of the latter are firm at \$11. We moto new wheat at \$1 30@1 9), as to quality; old crop. red, \$2@2 10, and prime white at \$2 20@2 25; a round lot of 2000 bashels mixed, in store, offered at \$202. Sales of about 1000 bushels spring barley at \$1 15@1 30, as to quality. A sale of 4000 bushels new corn to a dealer at 40c, and sales by the wagon load, loose, at 60c per bushel Old corn dull at 70@80c, in lots. Sales of 500 bushe prime oats at 51@53.

GROCERIES-We hear of sales during the week of 470 bags fair Rio coffee, in lots, at 31@31½c, and sales of prime at 32c; sales of choice, by the single bag, 32½c. Raw sugar, island, in hogsheads, ranges from 15 to 17½c; hard, standard, 22°, n lots, w th sales of 50 bbls; small sales at 221/4@221/4c. A the jesterday of a round lot of crushed at 21%c. Yellow agar, in bbls, 17@19c, with sales of 60 bbls; and sales of packages coffee sugar at 18/2c to 20% c@21c, as to qual asses \$1@1 15, in bbls, and higher rates for smaller packages. Eastern-chiefly New York -sirups, 95c@\$1 75, as to quality and size of package. HIDES AND TALLOW-Buyers are paping butchers

for green hides, and rough tallow 8@9c; rendered, HAY-We quote choice ba'ed timothy, hard pressed,

ery scarce at \$17 50@18 per ton.
HEMP-Meager receipts, with a steady inquiry for entucky undressed at \$1:0 per ton. IRON AND NAILS-Owing to the strike among opera ors, the combination of manufacturers, low water, and high freights, prices of all kinds of iron are again en-hanced, though dealess are averse to giving quotations Pig iron is scarce at \$57@63 per ton; bar iron we quot minally at 5%@6%c; Hoop, coopers, 8@10%c; sheet iron 4@11%c; boiler i:on 8%@10%c; p'g iron ranges from \$50 \$60 per ton. Nails are now quoted at \$7 75@8 75 for 10 s, with sales at the lower figues, though large holder re asking the higher rates.

LUMBER—No green lumber affeat. Seasoned in the

cards active as follows: clear boards per M \$70, secon rate \$55 to \$60, third rate \$45, common \$35. Sbinglespine, No. 1, \$8 50@9, No. 2 at \$8, cut poplar \$4 50; LEAD AND SHOT-Light supply, and we quote pig lead at 11@12c, and bar lead 13@14c. Shot-Prices are sier, and we quote shot at \$3 75 to 4 60 per bag, and

buck shot at \$4 00 to 4 15.

LE WONS-Sales of Messina at \$15 per box. LEATHER, &c.—We quote leather quiet, as fol-ows: Oak sole, city tan, 45@49c; Hemlock sole, 28@39c; uffalo slaughter, 39@41; harness, 33@36c; kip skins, city c@\$1: calf skins, \$150. MANUFACTURED TOBACCO-Ample stocks, with ales of Holland's Empress Virginia at \$1 25@1 40, ales of bright Virginia pounds at \$1 15@1 25, medium right 90c@\$1, common Virginia, pounds 75 to 80c, and amaged or out of condition 25 to 50c, fair bright Kentucky and Missouri pounds \$1 to 1 40, medium 85 to 90c common 65 to 70c, and damaged 30 to 40c. Navy, pound choice 70 to 72c, good navy 68 to 70c, common 60 to 65 navy, half pounds, fine, 72@75c; medium 60 to 72; black sweet half pounds 60 to 70c; long 10's 70 to 72c; and short

's 60 to 70. MACKEREL-Owing to the advance East, holders ar ow se'ling in lots as follows: No. 1 medium \$22 00@22 50; half barrels \$11 50; kitts \$3@3 15; No. 2 medium, \$18 50 half bbls \$10; kitts \$2 70. No. 3, large, per bbl \$14 50; kitts

NAVAL STORES-Small sales of Oakum, America Navy, at 14c, or \$7 50 per bale. Tarrel rope 25c. Manilla cordage 22@23c. Pitch \$7 per barrel. Rosin \$12. Pine tar in kegs \$6@7 20 per dozen. North Carolina tar \$12

per bbl. Turpentine, per gallon, \$1 50.
OHLS—We quote lard oil very scarce at \$2 25@2 35 fo No. 1. Linseed oil at the mill declined to \$1 55 Western manufacture and consumption is sorghum, a Coal or burning oil, in large quantities, 63c; smaller lots, 700072c. Benzine 500055 cents. Lubricat-

ing cil 50c@\$1 00. Tanners cil \$165 per gallou. Castor cil by the bbl \$325 per gallon. PROVISIONS AND LABD—The market is firm with light stocks and sales of mess pork at \$35.70@36. Bacol is scarce with a sale of 10,000 pounds at 19%c, and smalle lots at 20:; light sales of clear sides at 25½c, packed. A dealer has 200,000 pounds bulk clear sides in smoke, which will be in market in a few days. Sales to-day of clear sides at 25c, packed. Lard is very scarce at 23@30c the latter rate for kegs.

RAUS.—We quote cotton at 6½@7c; soft woolen 6c;

STRAW-Offered, in store, at \$16 per ton. SALT-We note an advance of 5 cents on Ohio Rive Company and Kanawha salt, with sales at 55c per bushe in lots of 100 lbs or more, and 60c at retail; the supply not ual to the demand. We quote sales of bbls or pbgs of ?

shels at \$3 35, or in bbls of 280 lbs at \$3 05 per bbl. STARCH-We now quete in lots at 7c. WOODEN WARE-Manufacturers have all advanced sual advance, subject to changes in market withou cotice: Buckets or pails, painted, 2 hoops, \$3.60 per doz; tubs No. 1, per dozen, \$15; tubs No. 2, per dozen, \$14; No. 3.\$13; washboards \$4.25 per dozen; nest tubs of 3 in nest 3 75: tubs. 8 in nest, \$5 25. WHISKY-Sales of 155 bbls raw and 114 bbls in lots, all

WOOL-Buyers are now paying 36@37c for unwashed

LOUISVILLE TOBACCO MARKET. Saturday.—The week closes rather dull, with light breaks, and the bulk of the offer ngs of poor quality Good leaf, either for cutting or manufacturing, centinu o command the fullest prices, and a hhd of fine cut, th pectations of the farmers, but packers everywhere are extremely cautious, and unwilling to venture at present rates. From returns carefully compiled from 74. Common leaf, -" ... n lugs, heavy, or Clarksville.

ommon and medium, cutting leaf.... FAMILY AND RETAIL MARKET. Owing to the low stage of the river, the supplies of mar-xeting by the packets have fallen off, and prices are maintained. Eutter is still scacce, with sales of choice at prices ranging from 50c to 75c per pound. Green ap-ples and grapes are abundant, and somewhat lower, and we quote the former at \$5@7 50 per bbl, and the latter 20 @30 per pound; potatoes \$1 per bushel, cabbages 3 to 6

per head, and other articles in proportion; eggs 30@356 per dozen. Young chickens \$3 to \$6 per dozen. The fol-

owing are the market rates for good articles:

lowing are the market rates for good articles:
Butter, per pound, choice, 5062750.
Eggs, per dozen, fresh, 3062350.
Chickens, dressed, apiece, 306290c.
Turkies, dressed, apiece, none.
Ducks, dressed, apiece, none.
Geose, 40660c.
Beef, fresh choice cuts, per pound, 20c.
Beef, fresh rough pieces; per pound, 8610c.
Beef, fresh brisket ann rump, per pound, 12½615c.
Pork, fresh, per pound, 10615c.
Mutton, fresh, per pound, 10615c.
Lamb, per pound, 156230c.
Venl, fresh steaks, per pound, 18620c.
Venl, fresh other, per pound, 12½6015c.
Lard, per pound, 30c.
Bacon, country hams, per pound, none.
Bacon, sugar-cured hams, per pound, 30c.
Bacon, sides, per pound 75c.
Hogs, dressed, per pound, 18620c.
Sausages, per pound, 18620c.

LOUISVILLE CATTLE MARKET.

The supply of Cattle during the week has been vgood, and the supply much better than for several we fine during the deck price the fire p of the week was from 25 to 50c per 100 higher, but the mand was partly lost toward the close of the week. So for the best offered at 5½ to 65c; can at 4½ to 5½c; co mon and rough at 3 to 3½c—gross weight.

Sheep are unshanged and prices range from 3 to 3 for common to fair, and 4 to 4½c for choice and extribive weight. re weight. Lambs sell at \$2 50 to 3.50 per head, according to quality Hegs continue in heavy supply an I prices are lower les ranse at from 10% to 12c, gross weight, for the differ t qualities.

RECEIPTS. H. F. VISSMAN. The following is the report of the Shelby House stock yard for the week ending Saturday, October 14, 1865; Shelby House, Saturday Evening, October 14.

SHEEN HOUSE, SATURDAY EVENING, October 14.

During the first part of the week business in all kinds of live stock was quite animated. Yesterday and to-day the market, as a general thing, may be said to close duil. Beef cattle.—The quality of cattle offered at this yard, during the past week has been mostly of a medium quality, There was some good cattle which commanded good prices. We quote the best grades of cattle at 26, and the lower grades from 43 50 to \$5.25, gross weight.

Sheep—Ite market has been well supplied of this impertant kind cf meat. We quote sales being made at \$2.20 to \$4 per hundred, gross weight.

Hogs—There was a sufficient supply obtain d by dealers to meet all demands. The inferior and medium qualities sold from \$10 to \$11, while prime and choice lots brought \$12 to \$12.50 per hundred, gross weight. At the close of the market there is but very little animation, and sales are duil at the general rates above stated. RECEIPTS.

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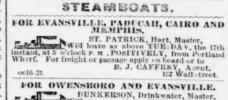
PRINTS.

Cocheco L32	American31	
Pacific33	Amoskeag28	
Sprague's31	Duchess B26	
Dunnell's30	5 ourning28	
Manchester	Allen's30	
Lowell263	2 Providence	
Arnold's29	James Sanders20	
Hamilton32	Wamsutta25	
	GHAMS.	
Clinton	Glasgow34	
Lancaster35	Roanoake29	
Caledonia33	Berkshire35	
	SHEETINGS.	
Lawrence 33		
Stark 4-4 26	Pepperell, E20	
	R37	
Medford	0	
Indian Head 4-4 36	14	
	Great Falls, M35	
	" S32½	
Massachusetts 4-4 33	Indian Orchard, C37	
3-4 28	" " N38	
Naumkeag, A 37	" " BB34 W32	
U 09	W32	
Atlantic G, 3-4 31	Boat Mills, H31/2	
N 4-4	0	
A, 4-4 00	D	
Ib 4-1	Dwight, I	
H 4-1 30	" A37	
M 3-1 28	Pocasset, H4-4 -	
Amoskeag 4-4 36	" К	
Ellerton M 24 28	Waterville 4-4 31	
A 33 —	Franklin A 4-4 31	
Swift River 4-4 21	Bedford 3-4 281/2	
11 VI 00		

Bartletts..... Columbia, A.. TICKS.

Pemberton, AA ...... Hampden, CC... Albany STRIPED SHIRTINGS. ВВ..... CORSET JEANS Indian Orch ard......37½ Androscoggiu ..... Pepperell...... Pemberton .... BROWN DRILLS. ......37½ Boot Mills. .....37½ Globe.......

DELAINES. ..35 Pacific STEAMBOATS.



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